SALES AND RESULTS 2016 28 February 2017







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Hesperia RESORTS



Madrid, 28 February 2017

Key financial highlights 2016

- Revenue growth of +5.7% (+8.0% at a constant exchange rate) reaching €1,475M (+€79M) due to the good performance in Spain (+13.5%) and Central Europe (+7.8%), despite external factors:
 - A lower contribution from Belgium compared with 2015 for security reasons (revenue -€7.8M, -15%).
 At EBITDA level the loss vs. business plan has been -€6.5M.
 - Currency evolution in Latam. Excluding the negative effect of -€33M, revenue would have increased +8.0%. Impact at EBITDA level is reduced to -€5.9M.
 - Difficult comparison in the case of Italy because of the Expo Milan in 2015, with a lower revenue contribution of -€18.8M and an EBITDA of -€14.1M from that event.
- ▶ Increase in RevPar (+5.8% in 2016) through ADR (+4.6%, 79% contribution) and greater growth vs. competitors. (+1.3 p.p. in relative ADR).
- The repositioning investments in Benelux and Central Europe has concluded, strengthening the Group's portfolio with a higher positioning (20% of the rooms under the NH Collection brand with a premium of +40% on the ADR), following a repositioning investment phase lasting two and a half years.
- EBITDA reached €181M, growth of +€31M (+21%), explained by the excellent performance by Spain and Central Europe and a favourable development in the remaining countries. As a result, the EBITDA margin has improved by +1.6 points, reaching 12.3% given a conversion ratio of 40%. Excluding -€5.2M from linearization of leases and -€1.4M for leaving indemnities (non-recurring in 2015) the adjusted conversion rate would amount to 48%.
- Positive recurring net profit (first year since 2008) of €11M (-€3M in 2015) and Total Net Profit of €31M compared to €1M in 2015, boosted by capital gains from asset rotation.
 - Proposal to submit for AGM approval the distribution of a maximum gross dividend of €0.05 per outstanding share for the financial year 2016, implying an estimated payment of €17M
- Favourable cash generation in the period and capex financed with non-strategic asset disposals (target of €140M achieved), has contributed to reduce net financial debt position by -€91M to €747M, representing a leverage ratio of 4.1x (5.6x in December 2015).

Outlook for 2017

- The EBITDA guidance of €220-225M (c.+25%) is confirmed based on harvesting the rewards from previous years and the implementation under way of the first phase of the Efficiency Plan, on track to achieve savings of €7-8M in 2017.
- Acceleration of deleverage from 4.1x to 3.0-3.25x by the end of 2017. If the sale of the hotel in NY takes place in the second half of the year, the level would decline below 3.0x.
- Launch of the second phase of the Efficiency Plan, to be executed in the second half of 2017, enabling additional savings of €7-10M in 2018, by defining new operating model through the geographical reorganization of the functions of the various Business Units and the new structure at Corporate level.









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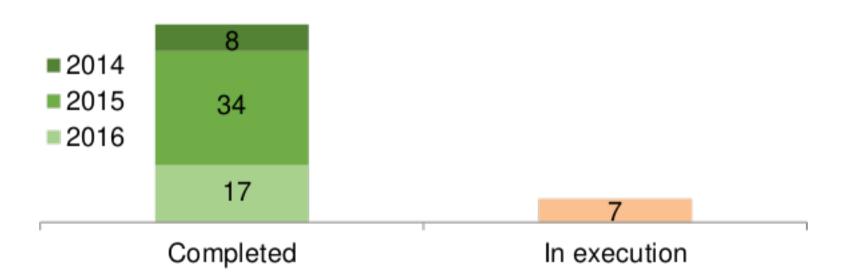
Main figures for the fourth quarter of 2016 (Q4)

- ➢ Growth of RevPar in Q4 of +4.5% through increases in ADR of +2.8% and +1.6% in occupancy.
- Revenue has risen by +2.9% (+€10.6M) explained by the extraordinary contribution by Spain and Italy in Q4 2015 (+17% and +16% respectively), together reporting revenue growth of +€22M, and the negative currency evolution. In Q4 2016 at a constant exchange rate revenue would have risen +4.3%.
- EBITDA in Q4 reached €56.3M, growth of +€4.7M (+9.1%), increasing the margin by +0.8 points, reaching a margin of EBITDA of 14.9% with a conversion ratio of 44%. All of this despite the contribution from Expo Milan in 2015 (+€5.5M in revenue and +€4.1M in EBITDA) and currency evolution in Q4 2016 (-€5.3M in revenue and -€1.3M in EBITDA).
- Recurring net income for Q4 has amounted to €7.0M compared with the €5.0M of Q4 2015, and Total Net Income reached €9.2M, compared with €14.4M in Q4 2015, from a greater reversal of provisions in 2015.

Status of the Strategic Plan

Repositioning Plan

Repositioning December 2016 (# hotels)



Since the start of the plan through to December 2016 a total of 59 hotels have been fully refurbished. Compound annual RevPar growth for those hotels with 6 months of post-refurbishment operation during the 12 months of 2016 compared with the same period prior to the refurbishment is +12.7%. The hotels included in the sample are: NH Collection Eurobuilding, NH Collection Abascal, NH Alonso Martínez, NH Collection Aránzazu, NH Pamplona Iruña, NH Collection Gran Hotel Zaragoza, NH Florence, NH Madrid Atocha, NH Madrid Nacional, NH Madrid Ventas, NH Collection Hamburg City, NH Collection Brussels Centre, NH Utrecht, NH Milan Congress Centre and NH Genoa Centro.

▶ Brand: NH has 379 hotels with 58,472 rooms at 31st December 2016, of which 67 hotels and 10,473 rooms belong to NH Collection, demonstrating their price potential (+40% premium; ADR NH Collection €118 vs ADR NH €85) and quality (with improvements also in hotels that have not been refurbished). At Group level, 34% of the portfolio is positioned in the top 10 for the city (45% in the case of NH Collection hotels) and 53% in the top 30 (62% for NH Collection hotels), an indication of the higher quality levels perceived by customers.

% hotels NH	Dec. '13	Dec. '14	Dec. '15	Dec. '16
Top 10	19%	24%	27%	34%
Top 30	41%	47%	49%	53%

Source: Trip Advisor













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- ➤ **Pricing & Revenue Management:** Group ADR has evolved positively during the year in the main cities when compared to direct competitors. The increase in Group relative prices has been +1.3 points vs. competitors.
 - There has been a notable performance in Benelux with an increase in ADR of +8.4% vs. 1.9% in the case of the competitive set. NH continues to maximise its market opportunities both in Amsterdam (relative ADR +4.3p.p.; relative RevPar +6.7p.p.), and in Brussels (relative ADR +8.7p.p.; relative RevPar +3.3p.p.), with a lower drop in prices than the compset.
 - In Italy the strategy in the city of Milan in 2016 has been to maintain the high RGI in absolute terms through volume, as prices in 2015 rose at a faster rate than those of the compset (+7.0 points). In Italy the RGI continues to be 104.7%.
 - Performance in Spain has been favorable, with an increase in ADR of +8.6% vs. the compset, which
 has seen growth of +4.9%. As a result, the relative RevPar in Spain has improved to +8.1p.p.

	ADR %	6 var.	"Relative" ADR
2016	NH	Compset	Var.
Total NHH	2.1%	0.9%	1.3 p.p.
Spain	8.6%	4.9%	3.7 p.p.
Italy	-14.5%	-10.9%	-3.6 p.p.
Benelux	8.4%	1.9%	6.5 p.p.
Central Europe	7.7%	4.3%	3.4 p.p.

	RevPar	% var.	"Relative" RevPar
2016	NH	Compset	Var.
Total NHH	3.1%	-1.3%	4.4 p.p.
Spain	12.4%	4.4%	8.1 p.p.
Italy	-16.0%	-16.8%	0.8 p.p.
Benelux	2.4%	-3.8%	6.2 p.p.
Central Europe	12.6%	4.6%	8.0 p.p.

Website revenues recorded an increase of +18% in the 12 months of 2016.

Portfolio Optimisation:

- The disposal target of €140M in 2016 has been reached. By 31 December 2016 net cash for €119M was recorded. The sale and leaseback of the NH Malaga announced in February 2017 for a net cash amount of €20M was included in the target for the year.
- In addition, during 2016 agreements have been signed for 16 hotels with 2,114 rooms. All these agreements have been under lease and management contracts, and most are positioned within the upper segment brand in key cities (Milan, Venice, Antwerp, Eindhoven, Marseille, Leipzig, Monterrey, Mexico DF and Santiago de Chile).









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RevPar evolution in the Fourth Quarter

Note: The "Like for Like plus Renovations" (LFL&R) criteria includes hotels renovated in 2015 and 2016, so that the sample of "LFL" hotels is not reduced by the high number of hotels affected by the renovations

	NH	HOTEL	GROUP	REVPA	R 4T 20	16/201	5				
	HAB. N	IEDIAS	ОС	UPACION	l %		ADR			REVPA	R
	2016	2015	2016	2015	% Var	2016	2015	%Var	2016	2015	% Var
España & Portugal LFL & R	11,038	10,883	68.9%	67.5%	2.1%	85.1	80.5	5.7%	58.7	54.3	7.9%
B.U. España Consolidado	11,161	11,257	68.8%	67.9%	1.3%	85.6	80.7	6.1%	58.9	54.8	7.5%
Italia LFL & R	6,859	6,828	66.0%	66.8%	-1.2%	100.2	113.4	-11.6%	66.1	75.7	-12.7%
B.U. Italia Consolidado	7,330	7,506	65.8%	65.4%	0.7%	103.1	112.5	-8.4%	67.8	73.5	-7.7%
Benelux LFL & R	8,377	8,221	65.6%	63.7%	3.0%	99.7	92.7	7.5%	65.3	59.0	10.7%
B.U. Benelux Consolidado	8,720	8,286	65.7%	63.7%	3.2%	100.4	93.0	8.1%	66.0	59.2	11.5%
Europa Central LFL & R	12,387	12,378	70.6%	68.4%	3.3%	89.0	86.0	3.4%	62.9	58.8	6.9%
Europa Central Consolidado	12,470	12,583	70.5%	68.2%	3.3%	88.9	86.1	3.2%	62.7	58.8	6.7%
Total Europa LFL & R	38,661	38,311	68.2%	66.8%	2.1%	92.0	90.7	1.5%	62.8	60.6	3.6%
Total Europa Consolidado	39,681	39,633	68.1%	66.6%	2.2%	92.9	90.8	2.3%	63.3	60.5	4.6%
Latinoamerica LFL & R	3,044	3,044	68.8%	69.5%	-1.1%	75.8	72.5	4.5%	52.2	50.4	3.4%
Latinoamerica Consolidado	5,204	5,230	62.5%	64.3%	-2.8%	78.9	74.1	6.5%	49.3	47.7	3.5%
NH Hoteles LFL & R	41,705	41,355	68.3%	67.0%	1.8%	90.8	89.3	1.7%	62.0	59.9	3.6%
Total NH Consolidado	44,886	44,863	67.4%	66.4%	1.6%	91.4	88.9	2.8%	61.7	59.0	4.5%

- Consolidated RevPar growth of +4.5% in Q4 2016. In its composition, the increase in prices of +2.8% represented 62% of the growth in RevPar. At a constant exchange rate, RevPar growth would have been +5.6% (69% through prices).
 - In Italy, Expo Milan 2015 ended in October 2015, being the month with the greatest contribution (-€5.5M in revenue in Q4 '16) and as a result the Q4 2015 RevPar rose +20%. Good performance by Rome and secondary cities together with new openings were unable to offset that contribution, with a drop in RevPar of -7.7% in Q4 '16.
 - The Benelux BU has recorded a higher level of activity, posting an occupancy increase of +3.2% and an increase in prices of +8.1% explained by the refurbishment executed in the first half of the year and the good performance in Netherlands LFL (+2.2% occupancy, +4.2% in ADR, RevPar +6.5%). In Q4 Belgium continued to show the impact of the security concerns (Belgium LFL occupancy -2.8%, ADR +3.7%, RevPar +0.8%), despite the fact that at the end of 2015 results had already been penalised, making the comparison more favourable.
 - Group activity level in Q4 has been slightly higher, up +1.6%, with the drop in Latin America offset by good performance in Central Europe (+3.3%) and the recovery in Benelux (+3.2), with December being a low season month.
- ▶ In LFL&R terms RevPar in Q4 has grown by +3.6% despite the dificult comparison difficulty in Italy, where a RevPar of -12.7% has been reported. Remarkable performance in Benelux BU, with a growth of +10.7% driven by an increase in prices of +7.5% (following renovations in the first half of the year) and the Spain BU, with growth of +7.9% (72% through prices). The Latin America BU has still been affected by the volatility of local currencies.











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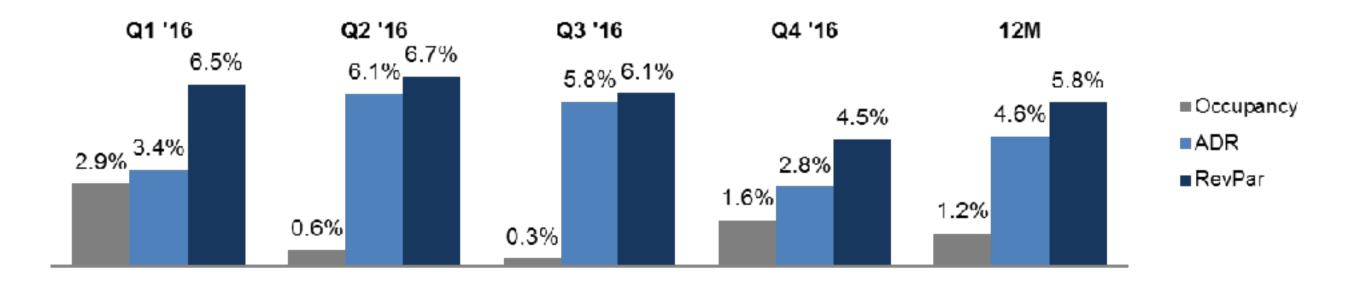
Excluding renovations, growth in LFL RevPar in Q4 has been +1.5%, with a price reduction of -0.5% (with drop in Italy and Latam in real exchange terms) and an improvement in occupancy of +2.0% from the good performance in Central Europe.

RevPar evolution for the 12 months

➤ The accumulated 12 month, Consolidated RevPar has grown +5.8%, with an increase in prices of +4.6% and an increase in occupancy of +1.2%. Excluding reforms, LFL RevPar has grown +3.5%, being 60% explained by higher prices of +2.1%.

Evolution of Consolidated Ratios by Quarter and for the 12 month period:

	NH	HOTEL	GROUP	REVPA	R 12M 2	2016/20	15				
	HAB. N	MEDIAS	OC	UPACION	1%		ADR			REVPA	R
	2016	2015	2016	2015	% Var	2016	2015	% Var	2016	2015	% Var
España & Portugal LFL & R	10,990	10,828	70.3%	67.6%	4.0%	83.9	77.3	8.6%	59.0	52.3	12.9%
B.U. España Consolidado	11,196	11,332	70.3%	67.6%	3.9%	84.2	77.1	9.2%	59.2	52.1	13.5%
Italia LFL & R	6,861	6,854	68.5%	68.4%	0.1%	105.5	112.3	-6.0%	72.3	76.8	-5.9%
B.U. Italia Consolidado	7,459	7,406	67.6%	66.9%	1.1%	108.2	111.7	-3.1%	73.2	74.7	-2.0%
Benelux LFL & R	8,169	8,287	66.5%	68.1%	-2.4%	97.5	91.7	6.3%	64.8	62.5	3.7%
B.U. Benelux Consolidado	8,396	8,341	66.3%	68.2%	-2.8%	97.9	91.8	6.6%	64.9	62.7	3.6%
Europa Central LFL & R	12,305	12,289	71.4%	69.6%	2.6%	87.6	82.3	6.4%	62.5	57.3	9.2%
Europa Central Consolidado	12,463	12,494	71.4%	69.5%	2.7%	87.5	82.4	6.2%	62.4	57.2	9.1%
Total Europa LFL & R	38,325	38,257	69.5%	68.5%	1.5%	91.7	88.3	3.9%	63.7	60.5	5.4%
Total Europa Consolidado	39,514	39,572	69.3%	68.2%	1.6%	92.5	88.2	4.8%	64.1	60.2	6.5%
Latinoamerica LFL & R	3,029	3,044	66.0%	66.6%	-0.9%	71.2	72.3	-1.5%	47.0	48.1	-2.4%
Latinoamerica Consolidado	5,204	4,876	61.9%	63.0%	-1.9%	74.7	72.4	3.2%	46.2	45.6	1.2%
NH Hoteles LFL & R	41,354	41,301	69.3%	68.4%	1.3%	90.3	87.1	3.6%	62.5	59.6	5.0%
Total NH Consolidado	44,718	44,448	68.4%	67.6%	1.2%	90.6	86.6	4.6%	62.0	58.6	5.8%



Consolidated Ratios	i	0	ccupano	:y			ADR					RevPar		
% Var	Q1 '16	Q2'16	Q3'16	Q4 '16	12M Q1'16	Q2 '16	Q3 '16	Q4'16	12M	Q1 '16	Q2'16	Q3 '16	Q4 '16	12M
Spain	11.3%	2.4%	3.5%	1.3%	3.9% 8.6%	11.0%	11.5%	6.1%	9.2%	20.8%	13.7%	15.4%	7.5%	13.5%
Italy	4.7%	1.4%	-0.8%	0.7%	1.1% 0.5%	-1.2%	-2.0%	-8.4%	-3.1%	5.2%	0.2%	-2.9%	-7.7%	-2.0%
Benelux	-1.3%	-5.8%	-6.4%	3.2%	-2.8% 4.6%	7.1%	6.3%	8.1%	6.6%	3.3%	1.0%	-0.4%	11.5%	3.6%
Central Europe	0.3%	2.9%	3.4%	3.3%	2.7% 3.6%	9.5%	8.5%	3.2%	6.2%	3.9%	12.7%	12.2%	6.7%	9.1%
TOTAL EUROPE	3.8%	0.6%	0.4%	2.2%	1.6% 4.3%	6.7%	5.9%	2.3%	4.8%	8.3%	7.4%	6.4%	4.6%	6.5%
Latin America real exc. rate	-5.1%	0.0%	-1.1%	-2.8%	-1.9% -2.5%	-0.5%	4.5%	6.5%	3.2%	-7.5%	-0.5%	3.3%	3.5%	1.2%
NH HOTEL GROUP	2.9%	0.6%	0.3%	1.6%	1.2% 3.4%	6.1%	5.8%	2.8%	4.6%	6.5%	6.7%	6.1%	4.5%	5.8%

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	REC	URRING HOTE	L ACTIVITY 20	16 VS 2015				
/C - !!!! - \	2016	2015	DIFF.	0/5/55	2016	2015	DIFF.	0/5155
(€ million)	Q4	Q4	16/15	%DIFF.	12 months	12 months	16/15	%DIFF.
SPAIN	92.6	85.9	6.7	7.8%	359.0	316.4	42.6	13.5%
ITALY	55.4	62.0	(6.5)	(10.6%)	248.6	255.8	(7.2)	(2.8%)
BENELUX	78.9	73.1	5.8	7.9%	298.8	291.6	7.2	2.5%
CENTRAL EUROPE	101.1	94.7	6.4	6.7%	389.5	361.3	28.2	7.8%
AMERICA	21.6	23.2	(1.6)	(6.9%)	77.7	82.0	(4.3)	(5.2%)
TOTAL RECURRING REVENUE LFL&R	349.6	338.9	10.7	3.2%	1,373.5	1,307.0	66.5	5.1%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	29.4	29.5	(0.1)	(0.2%)	101.0	88.5	12.5	14.2%
RECURRING REVENUES	379.0	368.4	10.6	2.9%	1,474.6	1,395.5	79.1	5.7%
SPAIN	61.6	56.7	4.9	8.6%	243.1	219.8	23.3	10.6%
ITALY	36.4	38.8	(2.4)	(6.2%)	164.0	163.6	0.4	0.2%
BENELUX	54.0	49.9	4.1	8.2%	203.6	200.0	3.6	1.8%
CENTRAL EUROPE	66.7	63.9	2.8	4.4%	260.4	246.8	13.6	5.5%
AMERICA	12.6	16.5	(3.9)	(23.7%)	53.6	60.4	(6.9)	(11.4%)
RECURRING OPEX LFL&R	231.2	225.8	5.5	2.4%	924.6	890.5	34.1	3.8%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	19.9	18.9	1.0	5.2%	67.5	62.8	4.7	7.4%
RECURRING OPERATING EXPENSES	251.1	244.7	6.5	2.6%	992.1	953.4	38.7	4.1%
SPAIN	31.0	29.2	1.8	6.3%	115.9	96.6	19.3	20.0%
ITALY	19.0	23.2	(4.1)	(17.8%)	84.6	92.2	(7.6)	(8.2%)
BENELUX	24.9	23.2	1.6	7.1%	95.2	91.6	3.6	4.0%
CENTRAL EUROPE	34.4	30.9	3.6	11.6%	129.0	114.5	14.6	12.7%
AMERICA	9.0	6.7	2.3	34.5%	24.1	21.5	2.6	12.1%
RECURRING GOP LFL&R	118.4	113.2	5.2	4.6%	448.9	416.5	32.5	7.8%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	9.5	10.6	(1.0)	(9.9%)	33.5	25.7	7.9	30.7%
RECURRING GOP	127.9	123.7	4.2	3.4%	482.5	442.1	40.3	9.1%
SPAIN	20.5	18.6	1.9	10.1%	82.1	75.3	6.9	9.1%
ITALY	9.1	10.8	(1.7)	(15.6%)	42.7	44.0	(1.3)	(2.9%)
BENELUX	10.8	11.5	(0.7)	(5.9%)	47.2	47.3	(0.1)	(0.3%)
CENTRAL EUROPE	23.9	23.9	(0.1)	(0.2%)	103.3	103.2	0.1	0.1%
AMERICA	1.2	1.6	(0.4)	(25.6%)	5.2	5.8	(0.6)	(10.8%)
RECURRING LEASES&PT LFL&R	65.5	66.4	(0.4)	(1.4%)	280.4	275.5	4.9	1.8%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	6.1	5.7	0.4	7.4%	21.2	17.1	4.1	23.7%
RECURRING RENTS AND PROPERTY TAXES	71.6	72.1	(0.5)	(0.7%)	301.6	292.6	9.0	3.1%
RECORRING RENTS AND PROPERTY TAXES	71.0	/2.1	(0.5)	(0.7%)	301.6	292.0	9.0	3.170
SPAIN	10.5	10.6	(0.1)	(0.5%)	33.8	21.4	12.4	58.2%
ITALY	9.9	12.4	(2.5)	(19.8%)	41.9	48.3	(6.3)	(13.1%)
BENELUX	14.1	11.7	2.3	19.8%	48.0	44.3	3.8	8.5%
CENTRAL EUROPE	10.6	6.9	3.6	52.2%	25.8	11.3	14.5	128.4%
AMERICA	7.9	5.1	2.7	52.9%	19.0	15.7	3.2	20.5%
RECURRING EBITDA LFL&R	52.9	46.8	6.2	13.2%	168.5	140.9	27.6	19.6%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	3.4	4.9	(1.5)	(30.4%)	12.4	8.6	3.8	44.5%
		=		0.404	100.5	440.7	24.1	24 241
RECURRING EBITDA EX. ONEROUS PROVISION	56.3	51.6	4.7	9.1%	180.9	149.5	31.4	21.0%







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Recurring Results by Business Area (LFL&R basis)

Spain B.U.:

- ➤ RevPar growth of +7.9% in Q4 with an increase in prices of +5.7% (representing 72% of the growth) and +2.1% in occupancy.
- ➤ During the year RevPar grew +12.9% with a growth in prices of +8.6% (a weighting of 66%) and +4.0% in occupancy.
- Excellent revenue evolution, with growth of +13.5% (+€42.6M) in the year. The LFL perimeter grew +10.7% and refurbished hotels were up +26.9%. There has been a notable performance in cities such as Valencia, Seville and Zaragoza, where revenue has increased by an average of 16%, more than in Barcelona (+13%) and Madrid (+5%).
- Depending costs for the year increased +10.6% (+€23.3M), explained by the increased occupancy in the period (+4.0% reaching 70.3%), higher commissions from the change in segmentation and the hotels that were being refurbished in 2015.
- GOP in 2016 totalled €115.9M, a rise of +20.0% (+€19.3M), implying a conversion rate of 45%. The increase in leases in the year has been +€6.9M (+9.1%) explained by the variable component. As a result, EBITDA reached €33.8M for the year, an increase of €12.4M (+58.2%).

Italy B.U.:

- RevPar dropped -12.7% in Q4 because of the unfavourable comparison from the impact of Expo Milan in 2015 (+€5.5M revenue gain) as October recorded the greatest contribution from the entire event. In addition, a leased hotel in Turin began the refurbishment being financed by the owner.
- In the year RevPar was down -5.9% with a reduction in prices of -6.0% and a flat occupancy (+0.1%), entirely explained by Expo Milan 2015, which contributed revenues of -€18.8M in 2015.
- As a result, revenue for the year was down -2.8% and could not be offset by the refurbishments in 2015 or the sound LFL performance of tier-2 cities (+8%). Adjusted for the impact of the Expo in 2015, revenue growth would have been +4.9%.
- Properting costs in 2016 remained steady (+€0.4M). GOP dropped -8.2% (-€7.6M) and EBITDA totalled €41.9M (-€6.3M), entirely explained by the Expo Milan contribution in 2015 of +€14.1M in EBITDA.

Benelux B.U.:

- ➢ Higher level of activity in Q4 with increased occupancy of +3.0% and +7.5% in prices, explained by the refurbishments during the first part of the year and the sound LFL performance in the Netherlands (+2.2% for occupancy, ADR up +4.2%, RevPar +6,5%). In Q4 Belgium continued to show the impact from the security concerns (Belgium LFL -2.8% for occupancy, ADR +3.7%, RevPar +0.8%), despite the fact that at the end of 2015 results had already been penalised, making the comparison easier.
- ➤ RevPar growth of +3.7% in the year, following a rise in prices (+6.3%) that offset lower occupancy in Benelux (-2.4%) from the impact of the security situation on LFL Hotels in Belgium (occupancy -17.5%, ADR +4.9%, RevPar -13.5%).
- In 2016 the good performance in the Netherlands excluding refurbishments (LFL +€9.9m, +6.3%) fully offset the lower contribution from Belgium of -€7.8M (-15.4%). As a result, LFL revenue for the BU excluding refurbishments has been +2.9%, and including the refurbishments undertaken, reported growth has amounted to +2.5% (+€7.2M).













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Properating costs for the year increased +1.8% (+€3.6M), showing an increase in GOP of +4.0% (+€3.6M) and an improvement in EBITDA of +€3.8M, (a conversion ratio of 52%).

Central Europe B.U.:

- RevPar has risen by +6.9% in Q4 with a growth in prices of +3.4% and an increase in occupancy of +3.3%.
 Revenue increased by +6.7% (+€6.4M).
- RevPar grew +9.2% in 2016 with an increase in prices of +6.4% (70% of the increase in RevPar) and an increase in occupancy of +2.6%. Revenue in 2016 was up +7.8% (+€28.2M), explained by the favourable trade fairs calendar, where biannual and tri-annual fairs took place in 2016.
- Properating costs for the year rose by +5.5% (+€13.6M) from the higher activity levels and increased commissions (segmentation change with greater weight in Germany).
- GOP in 2016 improved by +12.7% (+€14.6M) and flat rental expenses made it possible to achieve an EBITDA of €25.8M, an increase of +€14.5M and a revenue conversion ratio of 51%.

Americas B.U.:

- Growth continued at a double-digit rate in local currency in Q4 (+21.0%, +€4.9M). Negative currency evolution led to a drop in reported revenues of -6.9% (-€1.6M).
- In 2016 revenue with constant exchange rate was up +26.6% (+€21.8M), reaching +€103.8M compared with €82.0M in the previous year. With Real exchange rate revenues were down -5.2% (-€4.3M).
- This decline in the level of revenue (-€4.3M), linked to currency devaluations (Argentine peso -37%, Mexican peso -15%, Colombian peso -9%), has been fully offset by the cost control measures and the contribution from the largest hotel in Mexico that was refurbished at the end of 2015, resulting in an increase in EBITDA for the year (+€3.2M).
- By region, in 2016 Mexico recorded RevPar growth of +19.8% in local currency, with a +17.1% increase in prices. The increase in revenues in local currency was +15.5% that, together with a GOP conversion rate of 42%, generated a growth in EBITDA of +22% (+€1.9M) at a constant exchange rate, benefitting from the renovation of the NH Collection Mexico City that was completed in Q1.
- In the Mercosur, mainly Argentina, RevPar was up +37.0% in local currency, with increases in average prices of +41.5% (with dollarization of 75% of the rates). This has led to revenue growth of +48%, above the high rates of inflation, allowing that with constant exchange rate GOP has risen by +€6.3M and EBITDA by +€6.0M.
- In 2016 Hoteles Royal (including Openings and Closings) RevPar has risen by +9.9% in local currency, with average price increases of +12.0%. For the year the performance by Chile has been weaker because of greater price competition and a high level of dependence on customers from Argentina. In 2016 Colombia posted revenue growth of mid- single digit with constant exchange rate, despite a worse performance by other revenue owing to the change in segmentation towards more profitable rates, an increase in the hotel offering in the country, and a reduction in the number of events generated by companies in the oil industry. The implementation of cost synergies in 2015 and 2016 explain the increase in EBITDA in Hoteles Royal on a real exchange rate basis, reaching €8.3M (compared with €7.1M in the 10 months that were consolidated in 2015).













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Consolidated Income Statement

	Ni	HOTEL GRO	UP P&L A	CCOUNT				
(€ million)	Q4 2016	Q4 2015	,	/ar.	12M 2016	12M 2015*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ar.
	M. Eur	M. Eur	M. Eur	%	M. Eur	M. Eur	M. Eur	%
TOTAL REVENUES	379.0	368.4	10.6	2.9%	1,474.6	1,395.5	79.1	5.7%
Staff Cost	(130.5)	(124.4)	(6.0)	4.8%	(515.1)	(496.4)	(18.7)	3.8%
Operating expenses	(120.7)	(120.2)	(0.4)	0.4%	(477.0)	(457.0)	(20.1)	4.4%
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	127.9	123.7	4.2	3.4%	482.5	442.1	40.3	9.1%
Lease payments and property taxes	(71.6)	(72.1)	0.5	(0.7%)	(301.6)	(292.6)	(9.0)	3.1%
EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	56.3	51.6	4.7	9.1%	180.9	149.5	31.4	21.0%
Margin % of Revenues	14.9%	14.0%		0.8% ¦	12.3%	10.7%		1.6%
Onerous contract reversal provision	0.8	2.3	(1.5)	(66.1%)	5.0	10.0	(5.0)	(49.9%)
EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	57.1	53.9	3.2	5.9%	185.9	159.5	26.4	16.6%
Depreciation	(26.4)	(24.9)	(1.5)	6.0%	(101.7)	(94.8)	(6.9)	7.3%
EBIT	30.7	29.0	1.7	5.7%	84.1	64.7	19.5	30.1%
Interest expense	(15.4)	(11.6)	(3.8)	33.1%	(52.4)	(46.6)	(5.8)	12.4%
Income from minority equity interests	0.1	(1.3)	1.4	(107.1%)	0.1	(1.1)	1.2	(106.7%)
EBT	15.4	16.1	(0.8)	(4.7%)	31.8	17.0	14.9	87.5%
Corporate income tax	(7.7)	(11.0)	3.3	(29.7%)	(17.0)	(17.3)	0.4	(2.0%)
NET INCOME before minorities	7.6	5.1	2.5	49.8%	14.9	(0.3)	15.2	n.a.
Minority interests	(0.7)	(0.1)	(0.6)	593.3%	(3.4)	(2.4)	(1.0)	43.1%
NET RECURRING INCOME	7.0	5.0	2.0	39.5%	11.5	(2.7)	14.2	n.a.
Non Recurring EBITDA	1.7	(4.4)	6.2	n.a.	43.9	 (17.9)	61.8	n.a.
Other Non Recurring items	0.5	14.3	(13.7)	n.a.	(24.6)	21.5	(46.1)	n.a.
NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	9.2	14.8	(5.6)	n.a.	30.8	0.9	29.8	n.a.
* Includes Hoteles Royal from March 4, 2015								

Comments for the year 2016:

- Revenues were up +5.7% reaching €1.475bn (+€79M) due to the good performance in Spain and Central Europe and despite certain external factors:
 - A lower contribution from Belgium compared with 2015 for security concerns (€7.8M, -15%).
 - Currency evolution in Latam. Excluding the negative effect of -€33M, mainly Latam, revenue would have increased +8.0%.
 - Tough comparison in Italy because of the of Expo Milan in 2015, with a lower revenue contribution of -€18.8M.

By perimeter, at LFL level, revenue growth was +6.1% with constant exchange rate (+3.7% reported), driven by Spain, Central Europe and Latin America. The hotels that were renovated in 2015 reported a growth in revenue of +28% and the hotels renovated in 2016 have lost (-€1.7M vs 2015), as the renovations in the first half of the year have had a greater weight.

Costs:

Staff costs increased +3.8% (+€18.7m), explained by the higher level of activity in Spain and Central Europe, the hotels refurbish in 2015, the changes in perimeter and the lower variable remuneration in 2015











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- Other direct costs increased by +4.4% (+€20.1m) mainly due to the increase in commissions due to higher revenues and the evolution of the mix of sale channels, the higher level of activity, the hotels Refurbished in 2015 and the changes in perimeter.
- EBITDA reached €181M, an increase of +€31M (+21%), following the good performace from Spain and Central Europe and the positive performance from the remaining countries, despite certain circumstantial factors such as the problems in Belgium (-€6.5M drop in EBITDA vs Plan) and the evolution of exchange rates in Latin America (-€5.9M at the level of EBITDA). EBITDA margin has improved by +1.6 points, reaching 12.3% based on a conversion rate of 40%. Excluding the amount of -€5.2M from the linearization of leases and -€1.4M from severance payments (not recurring in 2015) the adjusted conversion rate amounts to 48%.
- Financial expenses rose -€5.8M mainly due to lower gains from exchange rate forwards (-€4.1M) vs. 2015, and in a lesser extend to lower interest rates applied to deposits and the refinancing of September 2016 with higher cost for extended maturity.
- Corporate Tax: The use of tax incentives has compensated for the higher business performance and the reversal of tax holding provision in Spain (Royal Decree 3/2016).
- A positive recurring net result, not reported since 2008, of €11.5M has been recorded, compared with the loss of -€2.7M in 2015.
- Non-recurring activity: This item mainly includes gains from non-core asset disposals, legal reserves, accelerated depreciation from the repositioning investments and refinanced debt arrangement in the third quarter of the year, as well as the fiscal impacts of each item.
- ➤ Total Net Income amounted to €30.8M against €0.9M in 2015 driven by gains from asset sales.
 - Proposal to submit for AGM approval the distribution of a maximum gross dividend of €0.05 per outstanding share for the financial year 2016, implying an estimated payment of €17M

Comments on the fourth quarter of 2016:

Q4 revenues grew by +2.9% (+€10.6M) explained by the extraordinary contribution from Spain and Italy in Q4 2015 (+17% and +16% respectively) together reporting a +€22M increase in revenue, and the negative evolution of the currency. At a constant rate of exchange, revenues would have risen by +4.3% in Q4.

By perimeter, at LFL level revenue growth was +2.9% at a constant exchange rate of (+0.7% reported). At constant exchange rate the hotels that were refurbished in 2015 recorded revenue growth of +20% in Q4 (+€5.5M) and those refurbished in 2016 +14% (+€3.5M), as the refurbishments that were made in the first half of the year had a greater weight and offset the opportunity cost of the hotels refurbished in the quarter.

- EBITDA in Q4 amounted to €56.3M, showing growth of +€4.7M (+9.1%), improving the margin by +0.8 points, reaching 14.9% with a conversion ratio of 44%. This despite the contribution by Expo Milan 2015 in Q4 (+€5.5M in revenue and +€4.1M in EBITDA) and currency evolution (-€5.3M in revenue and -€1.3M in EBITDA).
- Recurring net income in Q4 totalled €7.0M against €5.0M in Q4 2015 and Total net income has amounted to €9.2M compared with €14.4M in Q4 2015 from an increased reversal of provisions 2015.













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Financial Debt and Liquidity

As of 31/12/2016	Maximum						Repa	yment sch	edule			
Data in Euro million	Available	Availability	Drawn	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Rest
Senior Credit Facilities												
Senior Secured Notes due 2019	250.0	-	250.0	-	-	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Secured Notes due 2023	285.0	-	285.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	285.0	-	-
Senior Secured RCF (3+2 years)	250.0	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total debt secured by the same Collateral	785.0	250.0	535.0	-	-	250.0	-	-	-	285.0	-	-
Other Secured loans	37.4	-	37.4	4.3	6.6	2.4	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	16.2
Total se cure d debt	822.4	250.0	572.4	4.3	6.6	252.4	1.9	1.8	1.3	286.4	1.4	16.2
Convertible Bonds due 2018	250.0	-	250.0	-	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured loans **	80.1	58.9	21.2	19.0	1.1	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	40.0	-	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0
Total unse cure d debt	370.1	58.9	311.2	19.0	251.1	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	40.0
Total Gross Debt	1,192.5	308.9	883.6	23.3	257.7	253.2	2.2	1.8	1.3	286.4	1.4	56.2
Cash and cash equivalents ***			(136.7)									
Net debt			746.8									
Equity Component Convertible Bond			(11.3)		(11.3)							
Arranging loan expenses			(17.6)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(3.5)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.03)	(0.5)
Accrued interests			7.1	7.1								
Total adjusted net debt			725.1									

^{*} Bilateral mortgage loans

- Net financial debt reached (€747M) at 31st December 2016, a drop of €91M compared with 31 December 2015, following the satisfactory generation of operating cash in the period, as the Capex invested has been almost entirely financed from the sale of non-strategic assets.
- At 31 December 2016 the Company held cash for €136.7M and available lines of credit for €308.9M of which €250M relate to the syndicated line of credit signed in September 2016.
- The disposal target for 2016 of €140M has been met. By 31st December 2016 asset disposals had amounted to for an amount of €119M. The sale and leaseback of the NH Malaga Hotel announced in February 2017 for a net amount of €20M in 2017 was part of the 2016 disposal target.
- ➤ Net Financial Debt to recurring EBITDA ratio reached 4.1x at 31 December 2016 compared with 5.6x at 31 December 2015.
- On 29 September 2016 debt refinancing was carried out with the issuance of €285M in Senior Secured Notes due 2023 (the HY Bond) with a coupon rate of 3.75%, with the aim of extending maturities and increase average life, and the subscription of a €250M syndicated Long Term Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF)" for a term of 3 years with an automatic 2-year renewal when the HY Bond due 2019 is refinanced, thus increasing the liquidity of the Group.
- Rating agencies Standard & Poors y Fitch have upgraded the corporate NHH rating from "B-" to "B with a stable outlook" based on greater liquidity and the improved operating performance. These agencies have also upgraded the rating of the HY 2019 Bond to "BB-" and have assigned the same rating to the new HY Bond due 2023. Moody's has assigned the Group a corporate rating of B2 with a stable outlook and a Ba3 rating to the new HY Bond due 2023.









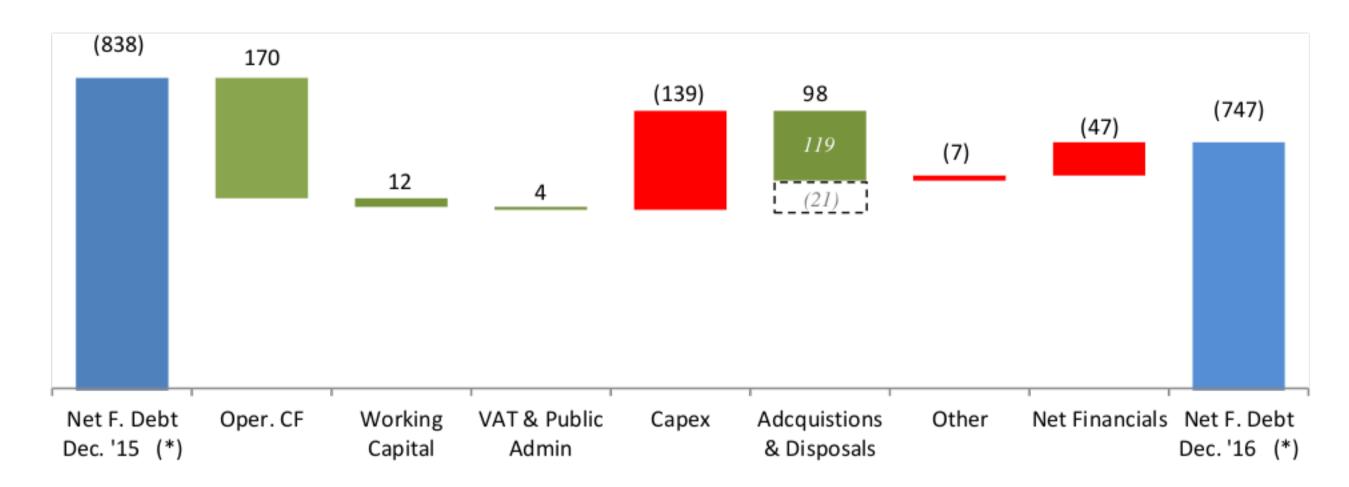
^{**} Comprises €9.9 million drawn under RCFs to be renewed in the short term and other debt facilities with amortization schedule

^{***} Does not include the market value of 9.6M treasury shares, of which 9.0M we lend to the joint lead managers of the convertible bonds. (9.6M shares at €3.845 closing price 30/12/16: €36.9M)



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Evolution Net Financial Debt in the 12 months of 2016



(*) Net financial debt excluding accounting adjustments for the portion of the convertible bond treated as Equity, arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Including these accounting adjustments, adjusted net debt would be (€725M) at 31 December 2016 vs. (€809M) at December 31, 2015

€91M reduction in the Net Financial Debt during the year due to the favourable cash flow generation in the year and capex financed by disposals of non-strategic assets.

Cash flow generated during the year from:

- (+) +€170M in operating cash flow, including -€14.5M in financial costs from credit cards and taxes paid for -€13.4M
- (+) Working capital: Improvement from the reduction in average collection period (down from 36 days at the end of 2015 to 23 days at the end of 2016)
- (-) Capex payments: -€139M. Repositioning Capex in 2016 of -€25M to be paid in 2017
- (+) Disposal target (€140M) reached with of +€119M in 2016 and €20M in 2017 from the recent leaseback of NH Malaga.
- (-) Other investments for -€21M: Put de Donnafugatta (-€10.3M), JV China (-€4.1M) and the purchase of the minority interests in NH Palacio de la Merced (Burgos, from 25% to 72%) with an investment of -€7M (-€5.0M in debt and a payment of -€1.4M in 2016 and -€0.6M in 2017) representing an implicit EBITDA multiple of 9x.
- (-) Others: statutory payments and pensions in Italy and Benelux, regular ordinary business leaving indemnities and treasury stock purchases.
- (-) Net financial cash flows: include -€8.1M in refinancing costs.











Appendix

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Hesperia RESORTS



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Appendix I: In accordance with the Directives published by the ESMA in relation to Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), we define and reconcile below the APMs used by the Group within the Results Publication dated 28 February 2017.

A) Definitions

EBITDA: Result before tax of continuing operations and before: net result from the disposal of non-current assets, depreciation, net loss from asset impairment, the result on disposal of financial investments, the result of entities valued by the equity method, financial income, change in the fair value of financial instruments, financing costs (except for credit card costs, which are considered to be operating cost) and net exchange differences. This APM is used to measure the purely operating results of the Group.

RevPAR: The result of multiplying the average daily price for a specific period by the occupancy in that period. This APM is used for comparison of average income per hotel room with other companies in the sector.

Average Daily Rate (ADR): The ratio of total room revenue for a specific period divided by the rooms sold in that specific period. This APM is used to compare average hotel room prices with those of other companies in the sector.

LFL&R (**Like for like with refurbishments**): We define LFL with refurbishments as the group of fully operated hotels in a 24-month period plus the refurbishments made in the last two years. It excludes those hotels that have just been opened or closed and that have therefore not been fully operational for 24 months. This APM is used to analyse operating results for the year in a manner comparable with those of previous periods excluding the impact of hotel refurbishments.

Below we provide a breakdown of the "Total Revenues" line split into "LFL and refurbishments" and "Openings, closings and other effects" to illustrate the above explanation:

		12 M 2016	12 M 2015
		M Eur.	M Eur.
Total revenues	A+B	1,474.6	1,395.5
Total recurring revenue LFL & Refurbishment	A	1,373.5	1,307.0
Openings, closings & others	В	101.0	88.5

We also provide a reconciliation for the "Total Revenues" line in Point II for the period of 12 months ended 31 December 2016.

Net Financial Debt: Gross financial debt less cash and other equivalent liquid assets, excluding accounting adjustments for the portion of the convertible bond treated as equity, arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Gross financial debt includes both non-current liabilities and current obligations for bonds and other negotiable securities and debt to lending institutions.

Capex: Investments made on assets for improvement and development that have meant a cash outflow during the year. Obtained from the investments in fixed and intangible assets and property investments shown on the statement of cash flows on the consolidated financial statements.

GOP (Gross operating profit): The gross operating profit obtained from EBITDA plus costs of leases and property taxes, as follows:

		12 M 2016	12 M 2015
		M Eur.	M Eur.
EBITDA before onerous	B-A	180.6	149.5
Rents and Property taxes	A	301.6	292.6
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT (GOP)	В	482.2	442.1

Conversion rate: This measures the proportion of revenue that has been able to be transferred to EBITDA. It is obtained by dividing the change in EBITDA by the change in total revenue.

B) Reconciliation of the APM to the most directly reconcilable item, sub-total or total on the financial statements:

The Results Publication of 28 February 2017 includes the following significant APMs:

I. ADR and RevPar

Page 6 of the Results Publication of 28 February 2017 details the development of RevPar and ADR on the following tables:









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NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 12M 2016/2015											
	HAB. N	IEDIAS	OCI	JPACION	l %		ADR			REVPAF	}
	2016	2015	2016	2015	% Var	2016	2015	% Var	2016	2015	% Var
España & Portugal LFL & R	10,990	10,828	70.3%	67.6%	4.0%	83.9	77.3	8.6%	59.0	52.3	12.9%
B.U. España Consolidado	11,196	11,332	70.3%	67.6%	3.9%	84.2	77.1	9.2%	59.2	52.1	13.5%
Italia LFL & R	6,861	6,854	68.5%	68.4%	0.1%	105.5	112.3	-6.0%	72.3	76.8	-5.9%
B.U. Italia Consolidado	7,459	7,406	67.6%	66.9%	1.1%	108.2	111.7	-3.1%	73.2	74.7	-2.0%
Benelux LFL & R	8,169	8,287	66.5%	68.1%	-2.4%	97.5	91.7	6.3%	64.8	62.5	3.7%
B.U. Benelux Consolidado	8,396	8,341	66.3%	68.2%	-2.8%	97.9	91.8	6.6%	64.9	62.7	3.6%
Europa Central LFL & R	12,305	12,289	71.4%	69.6%	2.6%	87.6	82.3	6.4%	62.5	57.3	9.2%
Europa Central Consolidado	12,463	12,494	71.4%	69.5%	2.7%	87.5	82.4	6.2%	62.4	57.2	9.1%
Total Europa LFL & R	38,325	38,257	69.5%	68.5%	1.5%	91.7	88.3	3.9%	63.7	60.5	5.4%
Total Europa Consolidado	39,514	39,572	69.3%	68.2%	1.6%	92.5	88.2	4.8%	64.1	60.2	6.5%
Latinoamerica LFL & R	3,029	3,044	66.0%	66.6%	-0.9%	71.2	72.3	-1.5%	47.0	48.1	-2.4%
Latinoamerica Consolidado	5,204	4,876	61.9%	63.0%	-1.9%	74.7	72.4	3.2%	46.2	45.6	1.2%
NH Hoteles LFL & R	41,354	41,301	69.3%	68.4%	1.3%	90.3	87.1	3.6%	62.5	59.6	5.0%
Total NH Consolidado	44,718	44,448	68.4%	67.6%	1.2%	90.6	86.6	4.6%	62.0	58.6	5.8%

We detail below the way in which the above-mentioned data have been calculated:

		12M 2016	12M 2015
		Miles Eur.	Miles Eur.
Α	Room revenues	1,014,179	954,218
	Other revenues	433,724	422,416
	Revenues according to profit&loss statement	1,447,903	1,376,634
В	Thousands of Room nights	11,198	11,020
A / B = C	ADR	90.6	86.6
D	Occupancy	68.4%	67.6%
C x D	RevPar	62.0	58.6

II. Income Statement 12 MONTHS 2016 AND 2015

Page 7 of the Results Publication of 28 February 2017 shows a table headed "Recurring Hotel Activity" taken from the "Consolidated Income Statement" table on page 10 of the above-mentioned Results Publication. We explain below the significant APMs included on those tables.

II.1 INCOME STATEMENT 12 MONTHS 2016

We include below a summary of the table on page 7 of the Results Publication of 28 February 2017 obtained from recurring EBITDA excluding less costs included on the table on page 10 of the same Results Publication:

RECURRING HOTEL ACTIVITY 2016 VS 2015								
(€ millions)	12 M 2016	12 M 2015						
Recurring EBITDA ex. onerous provision	180.9	149.5						







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Summary table on page 10 of the Results Publication of 28 February 2017:

NH HOTEL GR	OUP P&L ACC	OUNT		
(€ million)	12M 2016	12M 2015*		/ar.
	M. Eur	M. Eur	M. Eur	%
TOTAL REVENUES	1,474.6	1,395.5	79.1	5.7%
Staff Cost	(515.1)	(496.4)	(18.7)	3.8%
Operating expenses	(477.0)	(457.0)	(20.1)	4.4%
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	482.5	442.1	40.3	9.1%
Lease payments and property taxes	(301.6)	(292.6)	(9.0)	3.1%
EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	180.9	149.5	31.4	21.0%
Margin % of Revenues	12.3%	10.7%		1.6%
Onerous contract reversal provision	5.0	10.0	(5.0)	(49.9%)
EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	185.9	159.5	26.4	16.6%
Depreciation	(101.7)	(94.8)	(6.9)	7.3%
EBIT	84.1	64.7	19.5	30.1%
Interest expense	(52.4)	(46.6)	(5.8)	12.4%
Income from minority equity interests	0.1	(1.1)	1.2	(106.7%)
EBT	31.8	17.0	14.9	87.5%
Corporate income tax	(17.0)	(17.3)	0.4	(2.0%)
NET INCOME before minorities	14.9	(0.3)	15.2	n.a.
Minority interests	(3.4)	(2.4)	(1.0)	43.1%
NET RECURRING INCOME	11.5	(2.7)	14.2	n.a.
Non Recurring EBITDA	43.9	(17.9)	61.8	n.a.
Other Non Recurring items	(24.6)	21.5	(46.1)	n.a.
NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	30.8	0.9	29.8	n.a.
* Includes Hoteles Royal from March 4, 2015				

We reconcile below the table shown in the Results Publication to the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet on the Consolidated Financial Statements. To this end, we have based ourselves on the income statement in the Results Publication to arrive at the consolidated financial statements:











Madrid, 28 February 2017

Year 2016

				Financial										
		Reclas sifications		expenses for				Entities	Impairment and					
		and different		means of		Extraordinary			non recurring		Extraordinary		Profit and loss	
	APM	pres entation	Rebates	payment	Outsourcing	indemnities	As sets Disposal			Scrapping	claims and other	Others	s tatment Consolidated Statemen	ıts
APM Total revenues	1,474.6	(1,474.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Revenues	-	1,466.9	(18.1)		-	-	-		-		-	(0.8)	1,447.9 Revenues	
Other Operating income	-	7.7	-		-				-	-			7.7 Other Operating income	
APM TOTAL REVENUES	1,474.6		(18.1)			-					-	(0.8)	1,455.6	
March and Barrel of an arrest control							53.0			(11.6)		0.1	415 Notaciones Esperados	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	(515.1)			•	. 1112	(120)	53.2	-	-	(11.8)		0.1		
APM Staff Cost	(515.1)	- (217)	-	. 145	111.3	(12.0)	-	•		-	(C.D.		(415.9) APM Staff Cost	
APM Operating expenses	(477.0)	(217)	- 101	14.5	(111.3)	-		•		-	(6.1)	1.2		
Procurements	•	(85.0)	18.1	•	-	-	•	•			-	0.0) (66.9) Procurements	
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	482.5	(301.6)	-	14.5		(12.0)	53.2	-		(11.8)	(6.1)	0.5	219.2	
A DM I are a comment and account to the	(20) (0)	201.6												
A PM Lease payments and property taxes	(301.6)	301.6		14.5	-	(13.0)	53.2	-	-	(11.9)	· (4.1)	- 0.E	219.2	
APM EB ITDA B EFORE ONEROUS	180.9	<u> </u>	·····	14.5	-	(12.0)	55.2		<u>-</u>	(11.8)	(6.1)	0.5	219.2	
APM On erous contract revers al provision	5.0		-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.8)	-	-	-	4.2 Variation in the provision of one rous contract	
APM EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	185.9	-	-	14.5	•	(12.0)	53.2	-	(0.8)	(11.8)	(6.1)	0.5	223.4	
Net Profits/(Loss es) from ass et impairment	-	-			-	-	-		(2.7)	-	•	-	(2.7) Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	
APM Depreciation	(101.7)		-		-	-	-	-	(11.9)	-	-	(0.6)	(1142) Depreciation and amortisation charges	
APM EBIT	84.1	-		14.5	-	(12.0)	53.2		(15.4)	(11.8)	(6.1)	(0.1)	106.5	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	8.8	-	-	-	-	 9.9 Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other 	r
APM Interest expens e	(52.4)	(5.4)	-	(14.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.0)	(72.3) Finance costs	
Finance income		3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	3.3 Finance income	
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4 Change in fair value of financial instruments	
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	(3.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	(3.6) Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	
APM Income fio mmino rity equity interes to	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	 0.1 Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using 	the equit method
APM FBT	31.8	(4.2)	-			(12.0)	53.2	8.8	(15.4)	(11.8)	(6.1)	0.0	44.4 Profit (losses) before tax from continuing operation	tions
APM Corporate income tax	(17.0)	9.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.9) In come tax	
APM NET INCOME before minorities	14.9	4.80	-	-	-	(12.0)	53.2	8.8	(15.4)	(11.8)	(6.1)	0.0	36.4 Profit for the financial year - continuing	
rofit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax		(2.3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.3) Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued opera	tions net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	14.9	2.5			-	(12.0)	53.2	8.8	(15.4)	(11.8)	(6.1)	0.0	34.1 Profit for the financial year	
APM Minority interests	(3.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.4) Non-controlling interests	
APM Net Recurring Income	11.5	2.5		-		(12.0)				(11.8)	(6.1)	0.0	30.8 Profits for the year attributable to Parent Comp	any Shareholders
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	43.9	-	-	-	-	12.0	(53.2)	(8.8)		-	6.1	0.0	-	
APM Other Non Recurring items	(24.6)	(2.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.4	11.8	-	-		
APMNET INCOME including Non-Recurring	30.8	-	-		-	-					-		30.8 Profits for the year attributable to Parent Comp	any Shareholders



Madrid, 28 February 2017

Year 2015

		Reclas sifications		Financial expenses for				Entities	Impaiment and non					
		and different		means of		Extraordinary		dispos al and	recurring		Extraordinary		Profit and loss	
	APM	pres entation	Rebates	payment	Outsourcing	indemnities	Assets Dispos	al purchase	depreciation	Scrapping	claims and other	Others	statment	Consolidated Statements
A PM Total revenue s	1,395.5	(1,395.5)	-	-			-	-		-		-	-	
Revenues	-	1,394.3	(18.3)	-	-	-	-	-		-		0.7	1,376.6 Reve	
Other Operating income		1.2	-	-			·	·		·	•			r Operating income
APM TOTAL REVENUES	1,395.5		(18.3)	·			······	·	•		•	0.7	1,377.8	
Not asing an disposal of non-surrent as sate								88 -		(0.4)		(0.2)	(0.9) No.	vins on disposal of non-overnat assets
Net gains on disposal of non-current as sets	(496.4)	•	-	-	1070			5.5 -		(9.4)	. (41)	(0.2)	(398.1) APM	gains on dispos al of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	,	(207)	-	- 121	107.0	(4.7					(4.1)	(2.7)		
APM Operating expenses	(457.0)	(207)		13.1	(107.0)	-	(1	.6) -	-		(25.2)	(2.7)		Operating expenses
Procurements	•	(85.9)	18.3	•	-	-	-	-			-	-	(67.6) Proce	urements
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	442.1	(292.6)		13.1		(4.7	n :	7.2 -		(9.4)	(29.2)	(2.3)	124.2	
AIMOROSS OF IRATE OF ROTH	442.1	(27230)		15.1		(4.7		-		(24)	(27:2)	(22)	124.2	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	(292.6)	292.6	-		-	-		-				-		
APM EB ITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	149.5		-	13.1		(4.7) 7	7.2 -		(9.4)	(29.2)	(2.3)	124.2	
APM One rous contract reversal provision	10.0		-	-		-		6.0 -	0.7		2.4	-	19.01 Varia	tion in the provision of onerous contract
														•
APM EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	159.5	-	-	13.1	-	(4.7) 13	.1 -	0.7	(9.4)	(26.9)	(2.3)	143.2	
Net Profits/(Loss es) from ass et impairment			-	-			-		30.9	-		-	30.9 Net I	Profits/(Losses) fromasset impairment
APM Depreciation	(94.8)		-		-	-			(11.7)		-	0.3	(106.2) Depr	eciation and amortisation charges
APMEBIT	64.7		-	13.1		(4.7) 13	.1 -	19.9	(9.4)	(26.9)	(1.9)	67.9	
Gains on financial as sets and liabilities and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.8	-	-	-	-	4.8 Gains	s on financial assets and liabilities and other
A PM Interest expense	(46.6)	(10.6)	-	(13.1)	-	-	(4	.4) -	-	-	-	1.0	(73.7) Finar	nce costs
Fin ance income	-	5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.2 Finar	nce income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	4.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	4.7 Chan	ge in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1 Net e	exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	(1.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	0.4	(0.7) Profi	t (loss) from companies accounted for using the equit method
APMEBT	17.0	1.2		-		(4.7) 8	3.7 4.8	19.9	(9.4)	(26.9)	(0.4)		t (loss es) before tax from continuing operations
A PM Corporate income tax	(17.3)	4.2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13.1) Incom	
APM NET INCOME before minorities	(0.3)	5.44				(4.7) 8	3.7 4.8	19.9	(9.4)	(26.9)	(0.4)		t for the financial year - continuing
Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax		5.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.45	6.1 Profi	t (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	(0.3)	11.1	-	-		(4.7) 8	3.7 4.8	19.9	(9.4)	(26.9)	0.1	3.3 Profi	t for the financial year
APM Minority interests	(2.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.4) Non-	controlling interests
APM Net Recurring Income	(2.7)	11.1		-		(4.7		3.7 4.8	19.9	(9.4)		0.1	0.9 Profi	ts for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	(17.9)	-	-	-	-	4.	7 (8	.8) (4.8)	-	-	26.8	-	-	
APM Other Non Recurring items	21.5	(11.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19.9)	9.41	-	-	-	
APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	0.9		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	0.9 Profi	ts for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders





Madrid, 28 February 2017

III. DEBT AND CASH FLOW STATEMENTS FOR 2016 AND 2015 III.1 Debt published in the Results Publication of 28 February 2017.

As of 31/12/2016	Maximum						Repa	yment sch	edule			
Data in Euro million	Available	Availability	Drawn	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Rest
Senior Credit Facilities												
Senior Secured Notes due 2019	250.0	-	250.0	-	-	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Secured Notes due 2023	285.0	-	285.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	285.0	-	-
Senior Secured RCF (3+2 years)	250.0	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total debt secured by the same Collateral	785.0	250.0	535.0	-	-	250.0	-	-	-	285.0	-	-
Other Secured loans	37.4	-	37.4	4.3	6.6	2.4	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	16.2
Total secured debt	822.4	250.0	572.4	4.3	6.6	252.4	1.9	1.8	1.3	286.4	1.4	16.2
Convertible Bonds due 2018	250.0	-	250.0	-	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured loans **	80.1	58.9	21.2	19.0	1.1	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	40.0	-	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0
Total unsecured debt	370.1	58.9	311.2	19.0	251.1	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	40.0
Total Gross Debt	1,192.5	308.9	883.6	23.3	257.7	253.2	2.2	1.8	1.3	286.4	1.4	56.2
Cash and cash equivalents ***			(136.7)									
Net debt			746.8									
Equity Component Convertible Bond			(11.3)		(11.3)							
Arranging loan expenses			(17.6)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(3.5)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.03)	(0.5)
Accrued interests			7.1	7.1								
Total adjusted net debt			725.1									

^{*} Bilateral mortgage loans

The above debt table is obtained from the consolidated financial statements that have been filed.

III.2 Cash flow statement included in the Results Publication of 28 February 2017.

Net financial debt at 31 December 2016 and 2015 is obtained from Note 15 on debt and the balance of the balance sheet line "Cash and cash equivalents," both of which are included in the annual accounts filed on 28 February 2017:

Note 15 to the annual accounts:

							Maturity			
Instrument	Limit	Available	Disposed	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Remainder
Mortgages	37,403		37,403	-	4,325	6,587	2,449	1,901	1,784	20,357
Fixed rate	20,958	-	20,958	-	314	314	629	629	734	18,338
Variable interest	16,445	-	16,445	-	4,011	6,273	1,820	1,272	1,050	2,019
Subordinated loans	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Variable interest	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Convertible bonds	238,724		238,724	-	-	238,724	-	-	-	-
Fixed rate	238,724	-	238,724	-	-	238,724	-	-	-	-
Guaranteed senior notes mat. in 2019	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	-
Fixed rate	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	-
Guaranteed senior notes mat. in 2023	285,000		285,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,000
Fixed rate	285,000	-	285,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,000
Uns ecured loans	11,230		11,230	-	9,072	1,149	706	303	-	-
Variable interest	11,230	-	11,230	-	9,072	1,149	706	303	-	-
SUBTOTAL	862,357		862,357	-	13,397	246,460	253,155	2,204	1,784	345,357
Secured credit line	250,000	250,000		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variable interest	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit lines	68,852	58,908	9,944	-	9,944	-	-	-	-	-
Variable interest	68,852	58,908	9,944	-	9,944	-	-	-	-	-
Arrangement expenses	-	-	(17,633)	-	(5,030)	(5,082)	(3,510)	(883)	(926)	(2,202)
Borrowing costs	-	-	7,148	-	7,149	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing at 31/12/2016	1,181,208	308,908	861,816	-	25,458	241,379	249,645	1,321	858	343,155
Bor rowing at 3 1/12/2015	929,523	30,833	886,921	78,885	56,380	413,610	248,352	2,377	618	86,699









^{**} Comprises €9.9 million drawn under RCFs to be renewed in the short term and other debt facilities with amortization schedule

^{***} Does not include the market value of 9.6M treasury shares, of which 9.0M we lend to the joint lead managers of the convertible bonds. (9.6M shares at €3.845 closing price 30/12/16: €36.9M)



Madrid, 28 February 2017

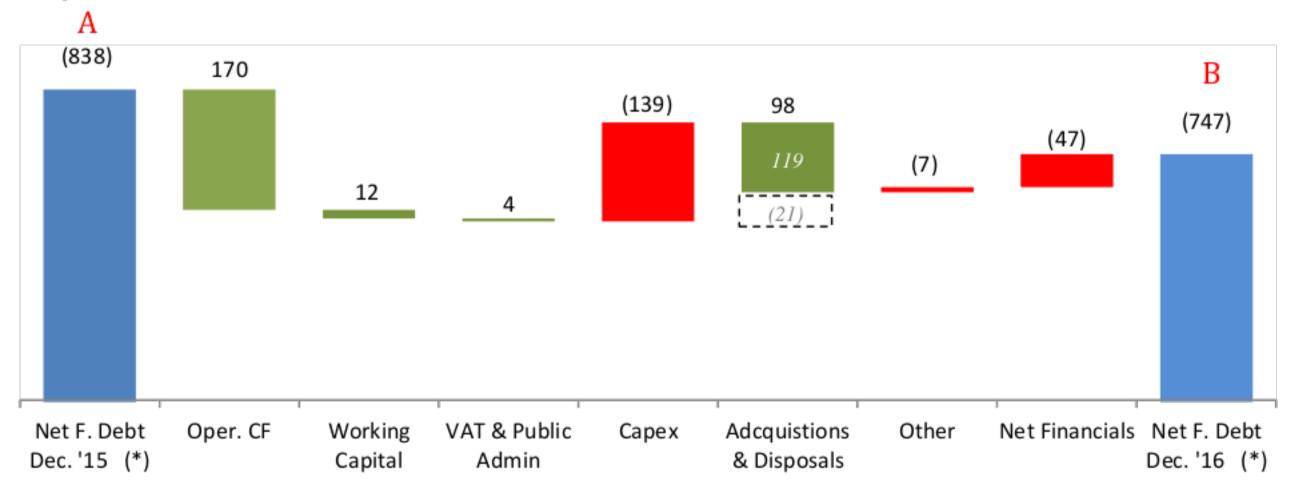
Net debt consists of the following amounts:

	2,016	2,015	VAR.
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	763,637	471,871	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	72,720	336,165	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	836,357	808,036	
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	2,233	3,613	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	23,226	75,272	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	25,459	78,885	
Total Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	861,816	886,921	
Arrangement expenses	a 17,633	16,873	
Convertible liability	b 11,276	16,749	
Borrowing costs	c (7,149)	(5,105)	
APM Gross debt	883,576	915,438	
Cash and cash equivalents according to financial statements	(136,733)	(77,699)	
APM Net Debt	B 746,843	A 837,739	(90,896)

Note: The amount of the embedded derivative of the convertible bond is recorded by reducing the nominal bond amount. The nominal bond amount totals 250 million euros and the balance of the liability for the convertible bond at 31 December 2016 amounted to 238.724 million euros, so that the balance of the embedded derivative is 11.276 million euros.

Below we reconcile the variation in net financial debt shown in the Results Publication of 28 February 2017 on the following chart:

Development of Net Financial Debt in the 12 months of 2016



To do so we have taken each of the lines on the cash flow statement on the annual accounts showing the grouping:







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Madrid, 28 February 2017

			Vat & Public			Acquisitions&		
	Net Debt Dec15	Working Capital	Admin	Other	Capex	Disposals	Net Financials	Total
Totals	(169.5)	(12.1)	(4.3)	7.5	139.4	(98.4)	46.6	(90.9)
Adjusted profit (loss)	197.4							197.4
Income tax paid	(13.4)							(13.4)
Interest paid on debts and other interest	(14.5)							(14.5)
(Increase)/Dec	rease in inventories	(0.3)						(0.3)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other a								28.6
	e in trade payables	(16.2)						(16.2)
	, , ,							
(Increase)/D	ecrease in VAT & Ρι	ublic Administration	4.3					4.3
		44 16		10.01				(0.01)
	//		se in current assets	(0.0)				(0.0)
	•	se)/Decrease in oth		(3.8)				(3.8)
(Increa	se)/Decrease in pro	visions for continge		(7.7)				(7.7)
			- Treasury shares	(2.4)				(2.4)
			- Finance leases	(1.1)				(1.1)
			ncial liabilities (+/-)	0.8				0.8
	-	tions on cash and ca		0.6				0.6
(Increase)/De	crease in other non o	current assets and li	abilities and others	6.2				6.2
		Tangible and intang	ible assets and inves	stments in property	(139.4)			(139.4)
				\$ f!!!		(F.O.)		/F. O.
					pe of consolidation	(5.0)		(5.0)
			,	mpanies, joint ventu		14.8		14.8
			Tangible and inta	angible assets and i	nvestment property	88.6		88.6
					Interests paid on de	ebts and other interests	(39.5)	(39.5)
					Paid expenses du	e to the bond emission	(8.1)	(8.1)
						Dividens paid out	(1.1)	(1.1)
						Finance Income	2.0	2.0

All the above information has been obtained from the cash flow statement included on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements shown below:









Madrid, 28 February 2017

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS PRODUCED IN THE PERIODS 2016 AND 2015

(Thousands of euros)

Consolidated profit (loss) before tax: 44,358 10,32 10,32 14,471 106,15	(Thousands of euros)		
Consolidated profit (loss) before tax: 44,358 10,32 10,32 14,471 106,15		31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Adjustments	1. OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Adjustments	Consolidated profit (loss) before tax:	44,358	10,320
Impairment losses (net) (+7)	Adjustments:		
Allocations for provisions (net) (+/-) (41,55) (82,60 inst/1050ses on the sale of tangible and intangible assets (+/-) (41,55) (84,60 inst/1050ses on investments valued using the equity method (+/-) (119) (66 femancial income (-) (3,310) (5,15) (15,15)		, ,	
Cains/Losses on investments valued using the equity method (+/-)	•	,	(19,014
Financial income (-)		1	843
Financial expenses and variation in fair value of financial instruments (+) 71,899 69,02 126,155 (2.13 (2.13		, ,	663 (5.154
Profit (loss) on disposal of financial investments	, ,	, , ,	69,020
Adjusted profit (loss) 19,692			(2,135
Net variation in assets / liabilities:	•	1	(4,828 1,141
Net variation in assets / liabilities:			
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (1900) (88) (Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable (Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable (Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable (Increase)/Decrease) in trade payables (194,866) (193,866)	Adjusted profit (loss)	197,362	126,156
Chicreasey Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable (Increasey)Decrease in other current assets 13,060 6,35 Increase/Obscrease) in trade payables (24,586) 10,38 Increase/Obscrease) in trade payables (24,586) (17,80 Increase/Obscrease) in other current liabilities (24,787) (17,80 Chicreasey Decrease) in non-current liabilities (7,710) (47 (Increase)/Decrease) in non-current liabilities (7,710) (47 (Increase)/Decrease) in non-current liabilities (7,710) (47 (Increase)/Decrease) in non-current liabilities (7,710 Total net cash flow from operating activities (I) (13,811) (9,70 Total net cash flow from operating activities (I) (176,574 90,29 Coup companies, joint ventures and associates (5,597) (27 Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property (139,392) (176,08 Non-current financial investments (144,989) (254,08 Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property (199,302) (176,08 Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property (199,313 32,44 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (23,663) (216,82 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Interest paid on debts (-) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (III) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (III) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (III) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from investment activities (III) (1,056 -1 Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) (1,056 -1 Loans from credit institutions (Net variation in assets / liabilities:		
Charcease/Decrease in other current assets 13,04	(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(290)	(801)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables C24,580 10,35 Increase/(Decrease) in provisions for contingencies and expenses (7,710) (47 (Increase/Decrease) in non-current assets 291 (8,16 Increase/Decrease) in non-current assets 291 (8,16 Increase/Decrease) in non-current assets 291 (8,16 Increase/Decrease) in non-current assets 5,784 2,33 Increase/Decrease) in non-current liabilities (13,381) (9,70 Total net cash flow from operating activities (I) 176,574 90,29			(17,937
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities (23,478) (17,80) (47) (47) (10,100) (10,100)		1	6,353 10,352
Increase/Decrease in provisions for contingencies and expenses			(17,809)
Increase/(Decrease) in non-current liabilities 5.784 2.33 (13.381) (9.70 176.574 90.29 (13.381) (9.70 176.574 90.29 (13.381) (13		4 ,	(470)
Total net cash flow from operating activities (I)	1 7		(8,169)
2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES Finance income 2,013 4,80 1	Income tax paid		(9,707)
Finance income 2,013 4,80 Investments (-):	Total net cash flow from operating activities (I)	176,574	90,298
Finance income 2,013 4,80 Investments (-):	2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Croup companies, joint ventures and associates (5,597) (27) (130,392) (176,08)	Finance income	2,013	4,806
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property		(5.597)	(273)
Disinvestment (+): Croup companies, joint ventures and associates - 19,64 Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property 88,590 12,80 Non-current financial investments - 19,64 Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (23,663) (216,822 3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid out (-) (1,056) - 1,005 Interest paid on debts (-) (13,11 Interest paid on debts (-) (13,11 Interest paid on debts and other interest (39,454 Variations in (+/-): (24,22) (12,41 Equity instruments - 1,005 - 1,005 - 1,00	Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property	, , ,	(176,083)
Distinvestment (+):	Non-current financial investments	(144 989)	(77,725)
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property 88,590 30,723 30,	Disinvestment (+):	(144,505)	(254,001)
Non-current financial investments		1	19,643
Total net cash flow from investment activities (II) (23,663) (216,82: 3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid out (-) Interest paid on debts (-) Financial expenses for means of payment (14,472) (13,11 Interest paid on debts and other interest (39,454) (41,24) Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments - Treasury shares Debt instruments - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 5. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,100			12,804
3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES Continue to the start of the financial year Continue to the start of the financial y			32,447
3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES Continue to the start of the financial year Continue to the start of the financial y			
Dividends paid out (-) Interest paid on debts (-) Financial expenses for means of payment Interest paid on debts and other interest Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments - Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103	Total net cash flow from investment activities (II)	(23,663)	(216,828)
Interest paid on debts (-) Financial expenses for means of payment Interest paid on debts and other interest Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments - Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Financia leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103	3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Financial expenses for means of payment (14,472) (13,11 Interest paid on debts and other interest (39,454) (41,24 Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments (2,422) 1,24 Debt instruments: (2,422) (2,42) Debt instruments: (2,422) (2,42) Debt instrum	Dividends paid out (-)	1 / / /	-
Interest paid on debts and other interest Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments - Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 5. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,105	•		(56,750)
Variations in (+/-): Equity instruments - Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 5. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,105		, , ,	(41,242)
Treasury shares Debt instruments: Bonds and other tradable securities (+) Loans from credit institutions (+) Finance leases Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) Security 1,24 285,000 - 282,17 177,11 (349,874) (125,61 (1,133) (27 761 (2,50) (6,79) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) S8,478 (133,32 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 591 3,06 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 59,034 (122,40) (122,40) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,10:	Variations in (+/-):	(==,==,	, , , , , , ,
Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 7. 699 200,10:	• •	(2.422)	
- Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Cother finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) (94,433) (6,79) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 58,478 (133,32) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 591 3,06 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103	•	(2,422)	1,244
- Loans from credit institutions (-) - Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) (94,433) (6,79) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103		285,000	-
- Finance leases - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) (94,433) (6,79) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103			177,111
- Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) (94,433) (6,79) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 58,478 (133,32) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 591 3,06 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,100	**		
4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 58,478 (133,32 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103		1	(2,509)
5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103	Total net cash flow from financing activities (III)	(94,433)	(6,796)
5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103	4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III)	58,478	(133,326
6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V) 7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 59,034 (122,40) 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103			3,064
7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI) 59,034 (122,40 8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103			
8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 77,699 200,103			
9. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year (7+8) 136,733 77,69	8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year 9. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year (7+8)		200,103 77,699











Madrid, 28 February 2017

The indicated APMs have been defined and used from the standpoint of analysis of the performance of the business and the sector; the measures arising from the financial statements can be interpreted and are directly comparable with those of other groups in the sector, so that therefore we do not consider that the APMs have any greater significance than the financial statements themselves. At the end of each quarter the results are published in a presentation that includes the aforementioned APMs to provide regular information to investors and analysts on the evolution and management of the business. In addition, half-yearly and annual financial statements are published complying with the filing requirements required by applicable accounting rules.

Furthermore, we would indicate that in accordance with ESMA directives, for purposes of the routine presentation of results in financial year 2017 we will review all APMs so that they are as closely aligned as possible with the financial statements, as well as with the filing and reconciliation requirements established in the ESMA directives.







Madrid, 28 February 2017

Appendix II: Annual change in portfolio & current portfolio

New Agreements and Openings

Hotels Signed from 1 January to 31 December 2016

City / Country	Contract	# Rooms	Opening
Monterrey / Mexico	Leased	150	Q2 2017
Venice / Italy	Management	150	Q1 2018
Bariloche / Argentina	Management	95	Q2 2016
Toulouse / France	Leased	148	Q3 2018
Venice / Italy	Leased	144	Q3 2017
Antwerp / Belgium	Leased	180	2018
Mexico DF / Mexico	Management	144	Q2 2018
Puebla / Mexico	Management	140	Q2 2017
Eindhoven/ Holland	Leased	132	Q2 2017
Monterrey / Mexico	Leased	120	H1 2018
Leipzig / Germany	Leased	197	H2 2018
Santiago de Chile / Chile	Management	80	H1 2018
Mérida / Mexico	Leased	120	Q2 2018
Marsella / France	Management	150	Q2 2017
Milan / Italy	Leased	100	H2 2018
Santander / Spain	Leased	64	H2 2019
Total Signed		2,114	

Hotels Opened from 1 January to 31 December 2016

Hotels	City/Country	Contract	# Rooms
NH Suecia	Madrid, Spain	Leased	127
NH Collection Guadalajara Centro Hist.	Guadalajara, Mexico	Management	142
NH Collection Palazzo Cinquecento	Roma, Italy	Leased	177
NH Edelweiss	Bariloche, Argentina	Management	95
NH Collection León Expo	León / Mexico	Management	141
Now Onyx Punta Cana	Punta Cana / Dominican Rep.	Management	502
Total New Openings			1,184

Hotels exiting the NH Group from 1st January to 31 December 2016

Hotels	City / Country	Month	Contract	# Rooms	
NH Midas	Roma / Italy	April	Lease	344	
Hesperia Sabinal	Roquetas de Mar / Spain	May	Management	515	
NH Alberto Aguilera	Madrid / Spain	July	Lease	153	
NH Argüelles	Madrid / Spain	July	Lease	75	
NH Livorno G. H. Palazzo	Livorno / Italy	October	Lease	123	
NH Heidenheim	Hidenheim / Germany	November	Lease	83	
NH Trujillo P. de Santa Marta	Trujillo / Spain	November	Management	50	
Total Exists				1,343	





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NH GROUP HOTELS OPENED AS OF 31 DECMEBER 2016 BY COUNTRY

DUCTNESS UNIT	COUNTRY	TOTAL		LEASED		OWNED		MANAGED		FRANCHISE		
BUSINESS UNIT		Hotels	Rooms	Call Option	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
B.U. SPAIN	SPAIN	135	16,817	2	77	9,183	11	1,816	40	5,227	7	591
B.U. SPAIN	PORTUGAL	3	278	-	2	171	-	-	1	107	-	-
B.U. SPAIN	ANDORRA	1	60	-	-	-	-	-	1	60	-	-
B.U. ITALY	ITALY	52	7,991	1	35	5,482	13	1,880	4	629	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	HOLLAND	35	6,709	4	18	2,951	16	3,290	1	468	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	BELGIUM	11	1,619	-	3	502	8	1,117	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	FRANCE	2	397	-	2	397	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	ENGLAND	1	121	-	1	121	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	SOUTH AFRICA	1	198	-	1	198	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	LUXEMBOURG	1	148	1	1	148	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	GERMANY	58	10,355	5	53	9,355	5	1,000	-	-	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	AUSTRIA	6	1,183	1	6	1,183	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	SWITZERLAND	4	522	-	3	400	-	-	-	-	1	122
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	CZECH REPUBLIC	2	577	-	-	-	-	-	2	577	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	ROMANIA	2	161	-	1	83	-	-	1	78	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	HUNGARY	1	160	-	1	160	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	SLOVAQUIA	1	117	-	-	-	-	-	1	117	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	POLAND	1	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	93
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	UNITED STATES	1	242	-	-	-	1	242	-	-	-	-
B.U. THE AMERICAS	MEXICO	13	2,153	-	4	581	4	685	5	887	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	ARGENT INA	15	2,144	-	-	-	12	1,524	3	620	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	6	2,503	-	-	-	-	-	6	2,503	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	VENEZUELA	4	1,186	-	-	-	-	-	4	1,186	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	URUGUAY	1	136	-	-	-	1	136	-	-	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	COLOMBIA	15	1,700	-	15	1,700	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	HAITI	1	72	-	-	-	-	-	1	72	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	CUBA	1	220	-	-	-	-	-	1	220	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	ECUADOR	1	112	-	1	112	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. LAS AMERICAS	CHILE	4	498	-	-	-	4	498	-	-	-	-
OPEN HOTELS		379	58,472	14	224	32,727	75	12,188	71	12,751	9	806





Madrid, 28 February 2017

SIGNED PROJECTS OF NH HOTELES GROUP AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

After the latest negotiations and cancellation of signed projects, the following hotels and rooms are still to be opened:

	COUNTRY	TOTAL		LEASED		OWNED		MANAGED	
BUSINESS UNIT		Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
B.U. SPAIN	SPAIN	2	158	2	158	-	-	-	-
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	GERMANY	3	600	3	600	-	-	-	-
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	AUSTRIA	1	144	1	144	-	-	-	-
B.U. ITALY	ITALY	4	598	3	448	-	-	1	150
B.U. BENELUX	BELGIUM	1	180	1	180	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	FRANCE	3	467	2	317	-	-	1	150
B.U. BENELUX	NETHERLANDS	2	782	2	782	1	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	UK	1	190	-	-	-	-	1	190
B.U. AMERICAS	PERU	1	164	-	-	-	-	1	164
B.U. AMERICAS	PANAMA	2	283	1	83	1	200	-	-
B.U. AMERICAS	BRASIL	1	180	1	180	-	-	-	-
B.U. AMERICAS	CHILE	3	361	-	-	-	-	3	361
B.U. AMERICAS	ARGENTINA	1	78	-	-	-	-	1	78
B.U. AMERICAS	MEXICO	6	774	3	390	-	-	3	384
TOTAL PROJECTS		31	4,959	19	3,282	1	200	11	1,477

Details of committed investment for the hotels indicated above by year of execution:

	2017	2018	2019
Expected Investment (€ millions)	9.9	14.8	4.9





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