





















Message from the CEO



"Dear Shareholders,

"The solid operating trend continued in the third quarter. The persistent leisure demand strength together with the reactivation of business travelers have set monthly revenue record high in September. Occupancy improvement, robust ADRs and cost discipline explain that 2019 figures have been exceeded.

Revenues of €586m surpassed Q3 2022 by 14% explained by strong ADRs in all regions reaching €142 (+9% vs Q3 2022) and 71% occupancy rate (+2 p.p.). Occupancy in Southern Europe almost reached the same level of Q3 2019 while in Central Europe and Benelux was a few points below, although improving quarter by guarter.

The robust demand allowed to reach revenues of €1,612m in the first nine months, an increase of 28% compared to the same period of 2019. Additionally, operating cost discipline explains that the €448m Reported EBITDA as of September has exceeded 2019 figure (€401m in 9M 2019 and €354m in 9M 2022). Excluding IFRS 16 accounting impact, EBITDA in 9M was €247m (€209m in 9M 2019 and €162m in 9M 2022). Total Net Profit in the first nine months was €100m implying an increase of €34m or +51% compared to the same period of 2019.

The solid cash flow generation in the period allows to report a **Net Financial Debt of €182m as of 30th September, a decrease of €126m in the first nine months** (€64m in Q3), despite the capex invested in the period (€84m). With the aim of continue reducing financial debt in a high interest rates environment, the \$50m loan signed in 2018 to carry out the renovation of the New York hotel has been repaid in July, further reducing floating debt exposure to below 15%. Liquidity continues strong with €586m as of 30th September.

With the resilient leisure demand, the sustained recovery of business customers and international travel, a healthy operating trend is foreseen in the last quarter being on track for a record year."

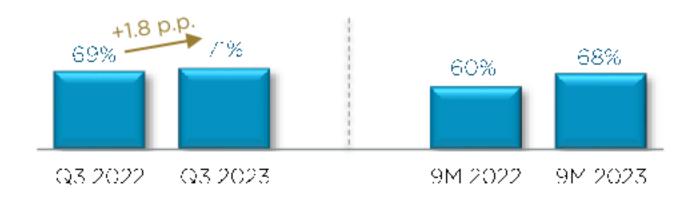
Ramón Aragonés CEO, NH Hotel Group

Revenue evolution and cost discipline allow to exceed 2019 EBITDA



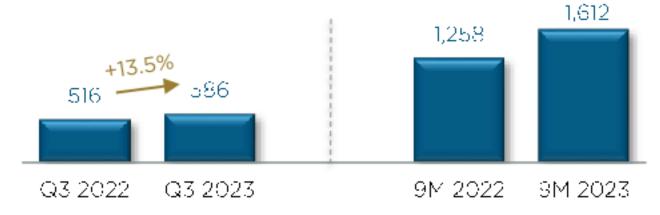
Occupancy (%)

- Q3: 71.3% (+2 p.p. vs Q3 2022) reaching in September the highest level across the year (77%). Compared to 2019, LFL occupancy is -1 p.p. lower
- 9M: 67.9% in the first nine months but still -2 p.p. below 2019



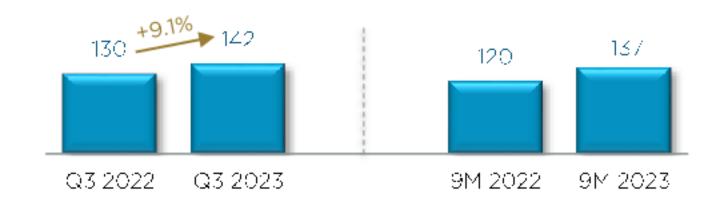
Revenues (€m)

- Q3: €586m of revenues implying +€70m or +13.5% vs Q3 2022 (+34.4% or +€150m vs Q3 2019)
- 9M: €1,612m, an increase of €354m or +28.1% vs 9M 2022 (partially impacted by Omicron) and +€355m or +28.2% vs 9M 2019



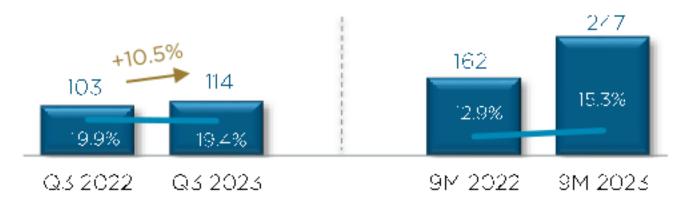
ADR (€)

- Q3: €142 in the quarter, +9.1% vs Q3 2022. Compared to 2019, LFL ADR grew +28.0% (€102 in Q3 2019)
- 9M: €137 growing +14.4% vs 9M 2022. Compared to 2019, LFL ADR grew +25.2% (€102 in 9M 2019)



Recurring EBITDA⁽¹⁾ (€m; excluding IFRS 16) and % margin

- Q3: cost discipline allowed to reach €114m, +€11m or 10.5% vs
 Q3 2022 with a flow through ratio of 15%. Compared to Q3 2019, the increase is €36m or 46% with a higher margin (+1 p.p.)
- 9M: €247m, +€85m vs 9M 2022 and +€38m above 9M 2019 (more leased rooms explain the -1 p.p. lower margin vs 2019)



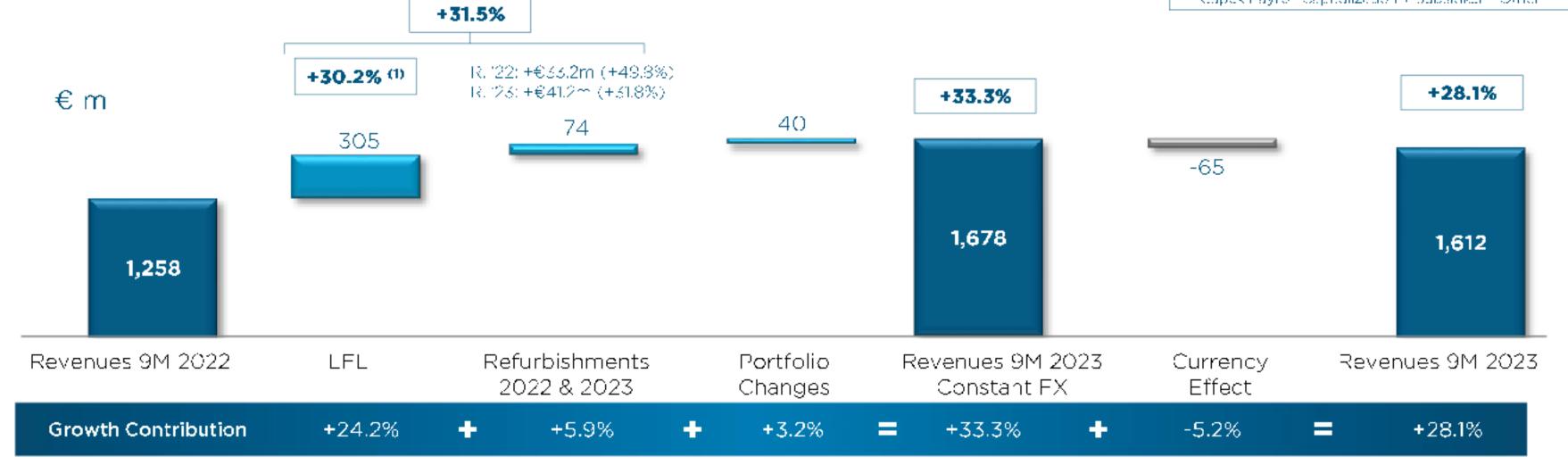
^(f) Recurring EB TDA excludes capital gains from asset disposals. IFRS 18 and rent linearization accounting impacts

Solid demand allows to exceed 2019 LFL revenues by 25%



- 9M Revenue exceeded 2019 by +€355m or +28.2% (+25.2% on LFL)
- Total Revenue reached €1,612m compared to €1,258m reported in 9M 2022 (partially affected by Omicron) implying growth of +€354m or +28%
 - Revenue Like for Like ("LFL"): +30.2% or +€305m with constant FX (+24.5% reported; €247m):
 - Strong growth among all geographies: Benelux (+€64m), Spain (+€60m), Central Europe (+€52m), Italy (+€46m) and LatAm (+€80m)
 - Perimeter changes contributed with +€40m: mainly from nhow Frankfurt, NHC Frankfurt Spin Tower, NHC Milano CityLife, NH Buenos Aires Milano, Tivoli Portopiccolo, Anantara Plaza Nice and NHC Copenhagen

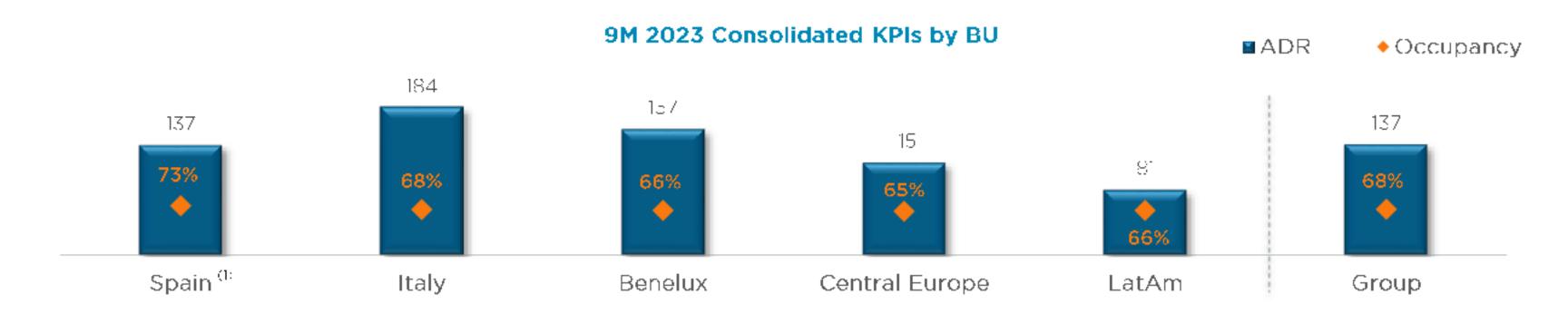
Revenue Split	Var. 9M 2023		
Avai able Rooms	0.2%		
RevPAR	+30.5%		
Room Revenue	-30.0%		
Other Lotel Revenue	31.2%		
Total Hotel Revenue	+30.3%		
Other Revenue*	-€18.2m		
Total Revenue	+28.1%		
* Capex Payro - Capitalization + Subsidies + Other			



Occupancy continues improving and robust ADR persists



- Consolidated RevPAR in 9M reached €93 (€72 in 9M 2022 partially affected by Omicron and €73 in 2019). On a LFL basis RevPAR grew by +21% vs 2019
 - ADR: ADR maximization strategy and upgraded portfolio endorsed higher ADR reaching €137 in the first nine months of the year. Compared to 2019, LFL ADR grew +25%
 - Occupancy: reached 68% in 9M. Compared to 2019, LFL occupancy is 2 p.p. lower (reducing the gap quarter by quarter). In Southern Europe occupancy almost reached 2019 levels
- By region: higher activity in Southern Europe and continued improvement in Benelux and Central Europe
 - Spain: occupancy reached 73% in 9M and ADR €137. Compared to 2019, LFL RevPAR was +24% with higher prices (+26%) and lower occupancy (-1 p.p.).
 - · Italy: ADR reached €184 (+38% vs LFL 9M 2019) and occupancy was 68% in 9M (stable vs LFL 2019). RevPAR level was +38% vs LFL 9M 2019.
 - Benelux: occupancy of 66% in 9M and ADR €157. Compared to 2019, LFL RevPAR was +16% with higher prices (+26%) and lower occupancy (-6 p.p.)
 - Central Europe: ADR reached €115 (+19% vs LFL 9M 2019) and occupancy was 65% in 9M (-7 p.p. vs LFL 2019). RevPAR level was +8% vs LFL 9M 2019.
 - LatAm: occupancy reached 66% in 9M (+8 p.p. vs LFL 2019) and ADR was €81 (+13% vs 2019). RevPAR +28% vs LFL 9M 2019.



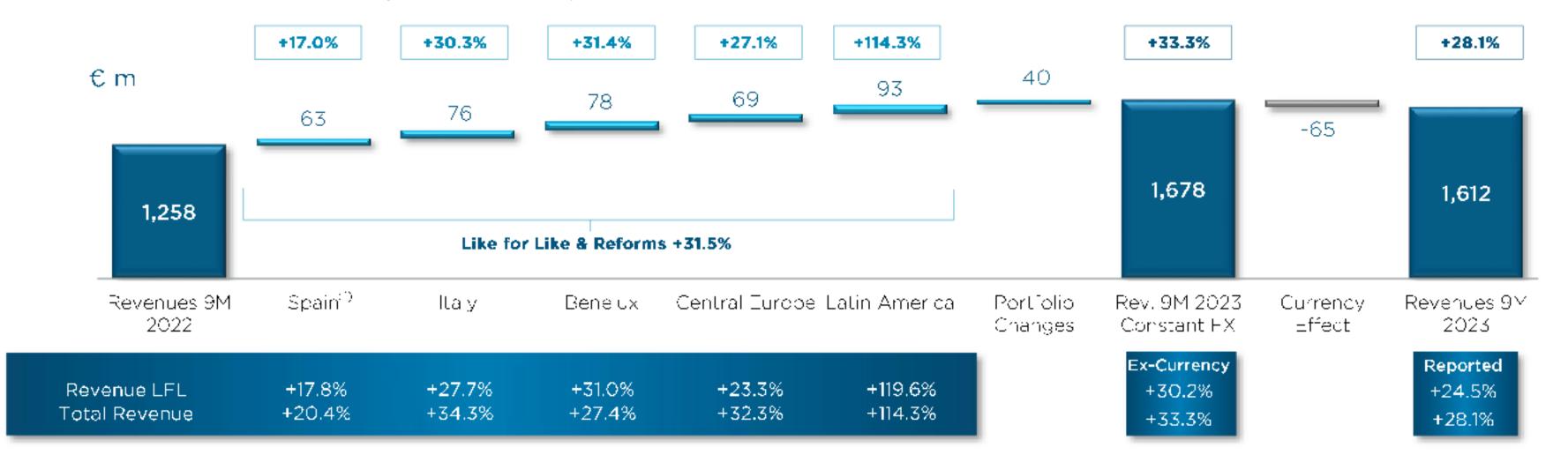
This Includes France and Portugal

Strong performance across all regions



- Spain: LFL revenues increased by +18% compared to 9M 2022 (+32% vs 9M 2019). Solid performance of both key and secondary cities
- Italy: compared to 9M 2022, LFL revenues increased by +28% (+40% vs 9M 2019). Strong evolution in all cities, highlighting Rome and Milan with a higher growth compared to last year
- Benelux: LFL revenues increased by +31% compared to 9M 2022 (+14% vs 9M 2019). Higher growth in Amsterdam, Brussels and conference centers hotels compared to secondary cities

- Central Europe: LFL revenues increased by +23% compared to 9M 2022 (+12% vs 9M 2019). Good evolution in both key and secondary cities, highlighting Dusseldorf, Munich and Frankfurt
- LatAm: with real exchange rates LFL revenues in the region increased by 33% compared to 9M 2022 (+29% compared to 9M 2019). Stronger evolution in Argentina and Mexico



EBITDA and Net Profit above 2019

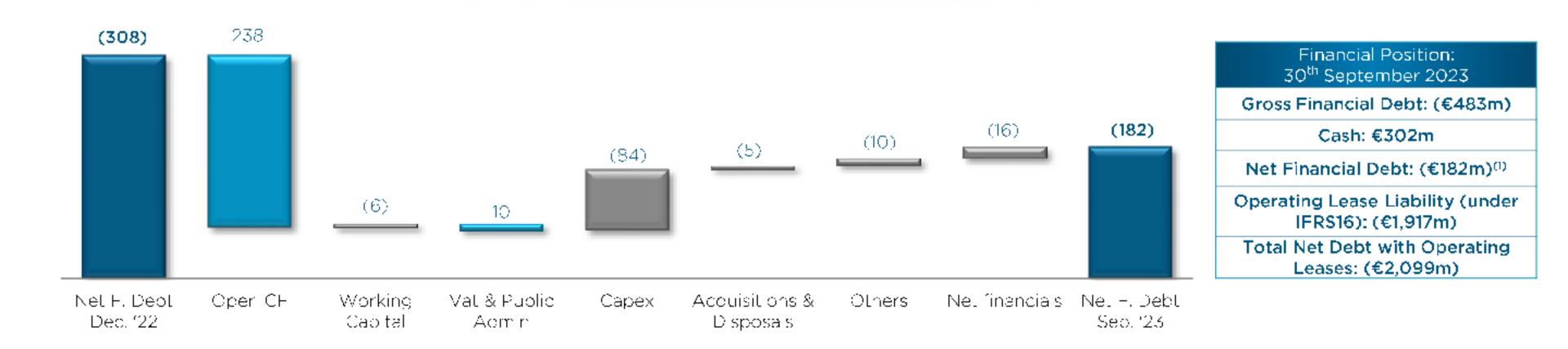


€million	9M 2023	9M 2022	VAR. Reported	
Reported Figures	€m	€m	€m	%
TOTAL REVENUES	1,612.4	1,258.3	354.1	28.1%
Staff Cost	(506.6)	(409.9)	(96.7)	23.6%
Operating expenses	(492.8)	(379.7)	(137)	29.8%
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	613.0	468.7	144.3	30.8%
Lease payments and property taxes	(165.5)	(*14.8)	(50.7)	44.2%
RECURRING EBITDA	447.5	353.9	93.6	26.5%
Margin % of Revenues	27.8%	28.1%	4	0.4 p.p.
Depreciation	(79.6)	(77.4)	(2.2)	2.8%
Deored ation IFRS 16	(139.4)	(129.7)	(8.8)	7.5%
EBIT	228.5	146.8	81.7	55.6%
Net interest expense	(16.1)	(25.2)	9.1	36.2%
IFRS 16 Financial Expenses	(64.1)	(60.5)	(3.7)	6.0%
Income from minority equity interest	0.8	0.2	0.7	384.2%
EBT	149.2	61.3	87.9	143.3%
Corporate income tax	(53.0) ₆	(28.8)	(24.4)	85.1%
NET PROFIT BEFORE MINORITIES	96.2	32.7	63.5	194.2%
Minor ties interests	(3.2)	(1.7)	(1.5)	88.7%
NET RECURRING PROFIT	93.0 7	31.0	62.0	199.9%
Non-Recurring EB TDA	4.3	(5.5)	9.8	178.4%
Other Non-Recurring Items	23 8	30.8	(28.5)	-92.7%
NET PROFIT INCLUDING NON- RECURRING	99.6	56.3	43.3	77.0%

- Revenue increased by +€354m or +28.1% vs 9M 2022 (partially impacted by Omicron). Compared to 9M 2019, revenue grew by +28.2% or +€355m
- 2. Payroll cost increased 23.6% and Operating expenses 29.8% implying a 41% GOP conversion rate due to operating cost discipline to contain inflationary pressure. GOP or EBITDAR reached €613m (+31% vs 2022 and 2019)
- **3. Reported lease payments and property taxes** grew by €50.7m mainly due to perimeter changes (new entries) and higher variable rents
- 4. Reported EBITDA improved by €93.6m reaching €447.5m and surpassed 2019 figure (€401m). Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA reached €247.1m, an increase of €85.1m due to a 24% conversion rate supported by the ADR strategy and strict cost control (+€38m or 18% above 9M 2019; more leased rooms explain the -1 p.p. lower margin vs 2019)
- 5. Net Interest Expense: decreased by €9.1m due to savings from lower gross financial debt (ICO Covid related Loan and NY Loan fully repaid) and interest income due to cash remuneration more than offsetting floating rate increases
- **6. Taxes:** Corporate Income Tax of -€53.0m, an increase of €24.4m vs. 2022 mainly explained by the better EBT compared to last year
- Net Recurring Profit reached €93.0m, implying an improvement of €62.0m compared to €31.0m in 9M 2022 (€61.9m in 9M 2019)
- 8. Non-Recurring Items: reached €6.6 mainly explained by provisions reversals
- 9. Total Net Profit improved by €43.3m reaching €99.6m compared to €56.3m in 9M 2022 (€65.9m in 9M 2019)

Strong cash flow generation decreasing Net Financial Debt by €126m





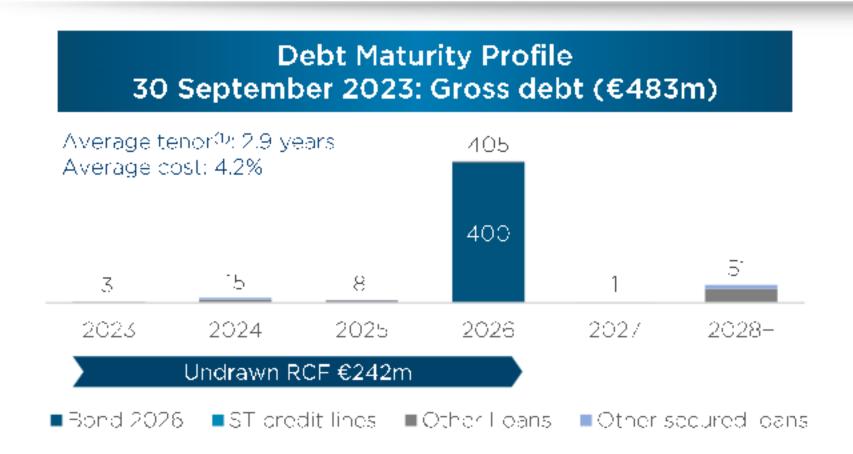
- (+) Operating Cash Flow: €238.1m, including -€19.7m of credit card expenses and corporate income tax of -€13.5m
- (-) Working Capital: -€6.1m, partially affected by the phasing effect weekend end of term (-€9m in collections) and the business growth
- (+) VAT & Public Admin.: €9.9, explained by the positive phasing effect
 of VAT and other local taxes

- (-) Capex payments: -€84.4m paid in 9M 2023. Capex will gradually increase during coming quarters
- (-) Acquisitions & Disposals: -€5.3m related to the acquisition of a leased hotel in Italy
- (-) Others: -€10.4, includes legal payments (mainly a claim in The Netherlands)
- (-) Net Financials: -€15.8m from interest expenses and financial income from cash remuneration

W NFD excluding accounting adjustments for arrangement expenses €6.7m, accrued interest (€4.6m) and IFRS 9 adjustment (€0.1m). Including these accounting adjustments, the Adj. NFD would be (€180m) at 30th September 2023 and (€309m) at 31st December 2022

Strong liquidity allows to continue deleveraging





- Outstanding €50m ICO Covid related Syndicated Loan voluntary repaid in January
- The \$50m loan signed in 2018 to carry out the renovation of the New York hotel has been repaid in July, further reducing floating debt exposure below 15%

Liquidity as of 30th September 2023:

Cash: €302m

Available credit lines: €284m

€242m RCF (fully available)

€42m of bilateral credit lines

Available liquidity €586m

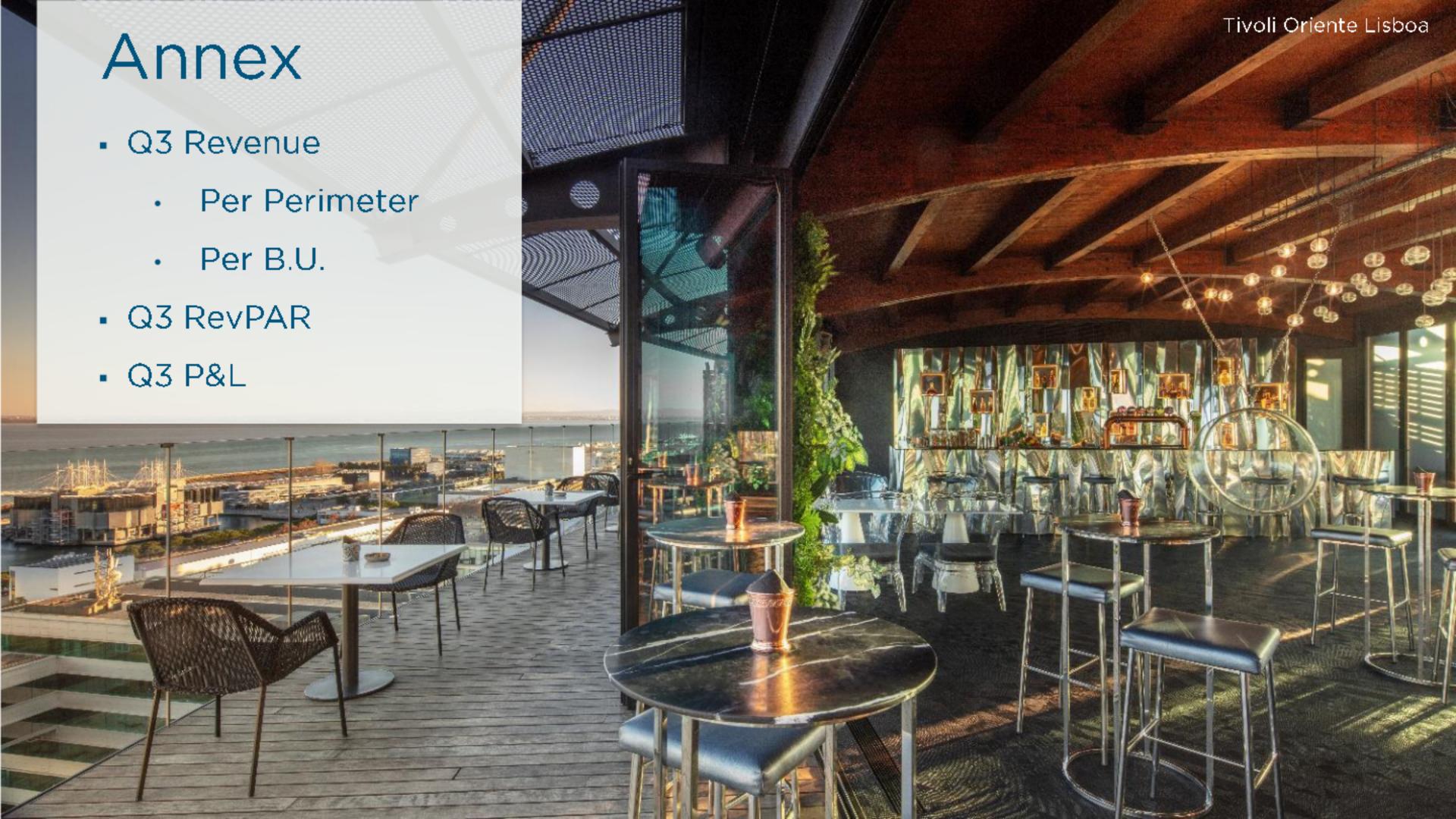
Rating					
Rating	NH	2026 Bond	Outlook		
Fitch	В	BB-	Positive		
Moody's	B2	B1	Stable		

FitchRatings

- In April 2023, Fitch revised the outlook to positive from stable and affirmed the rating at 'B' (IDR)
- Fitch revised NH Standalone Credit Profile to 'B+' from 'B', reflecting strong post-pandemic performance and materially improved deleveraging trajectory

Moody's

- In March 2023, Moody's upgraded to 'B2' from 'B3' the corporate rating of NH Hotel Group with stable outlook based on the better-than-expected improvement in its key credit metrics and significant debt reduction
- NH has a significant pool of fully owned unencumbered assets which increases financial flexibility

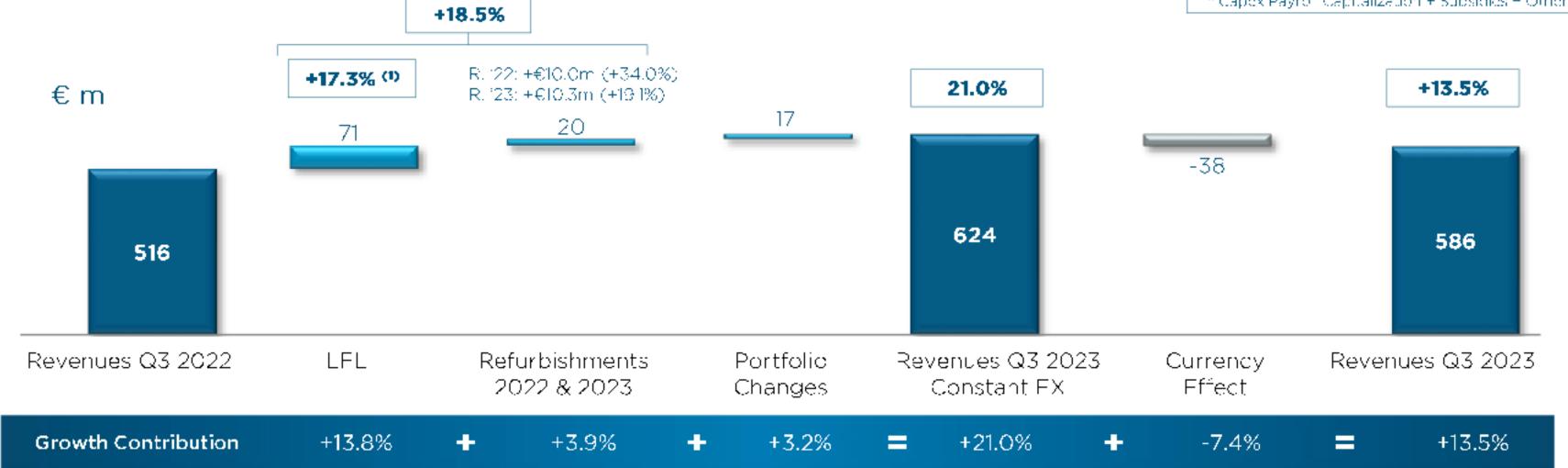


Persistent leisure demand and sustained reactivation of business travelers



- Q3 Revenue exceeded 2019 by +€150m or +34.4% (+26.7% on LFL)
- Total Revenue reached €586m compared to €516m reported in Q3 2022 implying growth of +€70m or +13.5%
 - Revenue Like for Like ("LFL"): +17.3% or +€71m with constant FX (+9.1% reported; €38m):
 - Strong growth among all geographies: Benelux (+€12m), Spain (+€9m), Italy (+€7m), Central Europe (+€5m) and LatAm (+€37m)
 - Perimeter changes contributed with +€17m: mainly from nhow Frankfurt, NHC Frankfurt Spin Tower,
 NH Buenos Aires Milano, Tivoli Portopiccolo, Anantara Plaza Nice and NHC Copenhagen

Revenue Split	Var. Q3 2023		
Avai able Rooms	10.8%		
RevPAR	-11.9%		
Room Revenue	=12 o%		
Other Lotel Revenue	18.1%		
Total Hotel Revenue	+13.8%		
Other Revenue"	-€0.7m		
Total Revenue	+13.5%		
* Capex Payro Capitalization + Subsidies + Other			

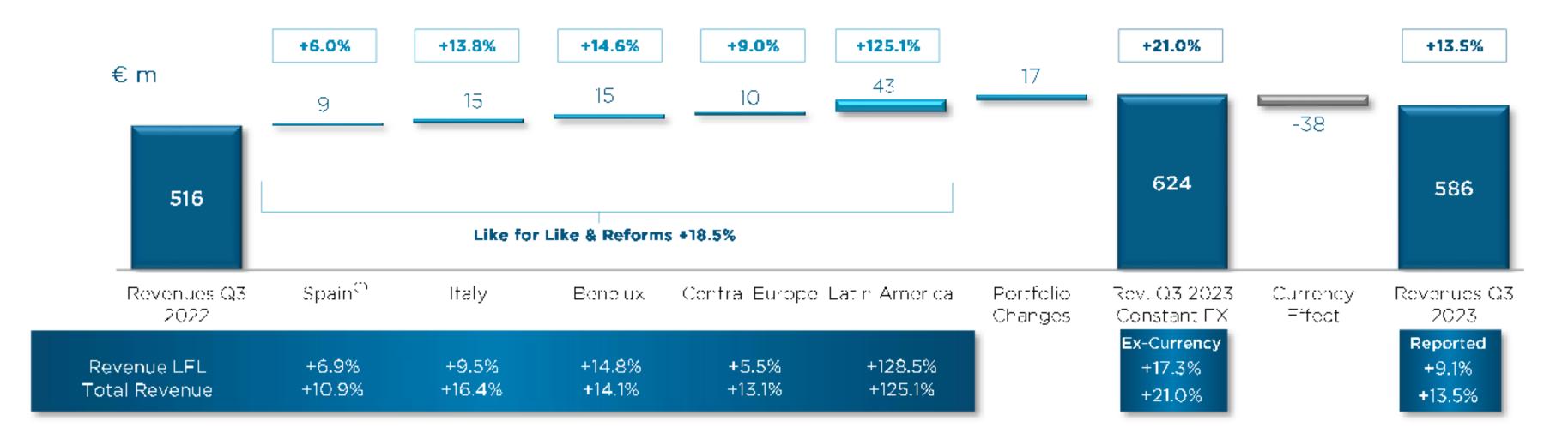


Solid operating trend across all countries



- Spain: LFL revenues increased by +7% compared to Q3 2022 (+26% vs Q3 2019). Solid performance in cities like Madrid and Valencia
- Italy: compared to Q3 2022, LFL revenues increased by +9% (+45% vs Q3 2019). Strong evolution in all cities, highlighting Rome that continues with an extraordinary performance
- Benelux: LFL revenues increased by +15% compared to Q3 2022 (+16% vs Q3 2019). Higher growth in Amsterdam, Brussels and conference centers hotels compared to secondary cities

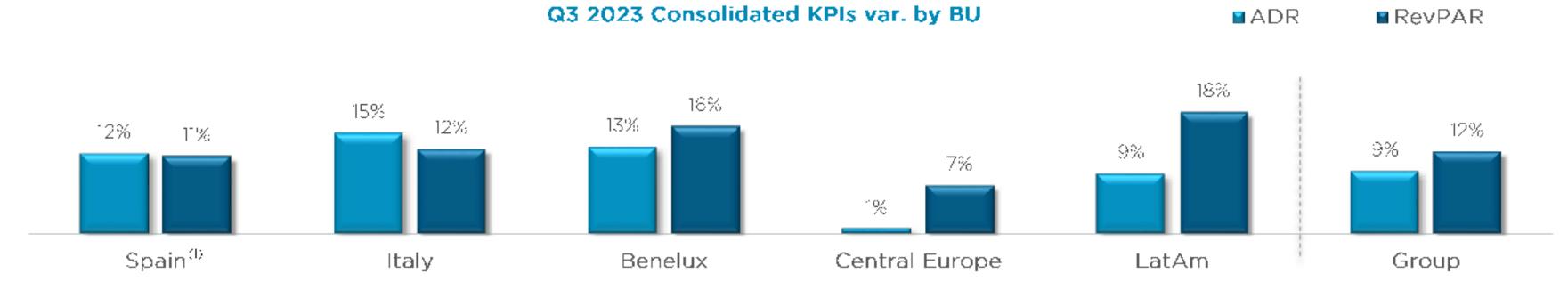
- Central Europe: LFL revenues increased by +5% compared to Q3 2022 (+15% vs Q3 2019). Good evolution in secondary cities and in less touristic cities as Munich and Dusseldorf explained by business traveler and trade fairs
- LatAm: with real exchange rates LFL revenues in the region increased by 13% compared to Q3 2022 (+39% compared to Q3 2019). Stronger evolution in Argentina and Mexico



Occupancy increases also contributing to RevPAR improvement in Q3



- Consolidated RevPAR in Q3 reached €101 (€90 in Q3 2022 and €76 in 2019). On a LFL basis RevPAR grew by +26% vs 2019
 - ADR: €142 in the third quarter, implying an increase of 9% vs Q3 2022 (€130). Compared to 2019, LFL ADR grew 28%.
 - Occupancy: reached 71% in Q3, +2 p.p. vs 69% in Q3 2022 reaching in September the highest level across the year (77%). Compared to 2019. LFL occupancy is 1 p.p. lower
- By region: RevPAR growing by ADR and occupancy in Benelux and Central Europe. Normalized levels of activity in Southern Europe.
 - Spain: occupancy reached 74% in Q3 (stable vs Q3 2022) and ADR €143 (+12% vs Q3 2022). Compared to 2019, LFL RevPAR increased 25% on higher prices
 - Italy: ADR reached €201 (+15% vs Q3 2022) and occupancy was 70% in Q3 (-1 p.p. vs 2022). LFL RevPAR compared to 2019 grew 45% due to higher
 ADRs
 - Benelux: occupancy reached 71% in Q3 (+2 p.p. vs Q3 2022) and ADR €158 (13% vs Q3 2022). Compared to 2019, LFL RevPAR was +21% with higher prices (+27%) and lower occupancy (-4 p.p.)
 - Central Europe: ADR reached €113 (+1% vs Q3 2022) and occupancy was 70% in Q3 (+4 p.p. vs Q3 2022). Compared to 2019, LFL RevPAR increased by 14% (+20% in ADR and -4 p.p. in occupancy)
 - LatAm: occupancy reached 68% in Q3 (+5 p.p. vs Q3 2022) and ADR was €83 (+9% vs Q3 2022). LFL RevPAR compared to 2019 grew +38% in Q3 with higher ADR (+20%) and occupancy (+9 p.p.)



⁽⁶⁾ Includes France and Portugal

Inflationary pressure persists despite robust ADRs and cost discipline



€ million Reported Figures	Q3 2023	Q3 2022		VAR. Reported	
	€m	€m	€m	%	
TOTAL REVENUES	585.7	515.8	69.9	13.5%	
Staff Cost	(175.8)	(1557)	(20.7)	13.3%	
Operating expenses	(189.8)	(148.4)	(21.3)	14.4%	
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	240.2	212.3	27.9	13.1%	
Lease payments and property taxes	(80.3)	(45.1)	(15.1)	33.5%	
RECURRING EBITDA	179.9	167.2	12.8	7.6%	
Margin % of Revenues	30.7%	32.4%		1.7 o.p	
Depreciation	(27.1)	(25.6)	(1.6)	6.1%	
Deprediation IFRS 16	(46.9)	(43.9)	(2.9)	8.7%	
EBIT	106.0	97.7	8.3	8.5%	
Net interest expense	(5.4)	(10.3)	5.0	481%	
IERS 16 Financia Expenses	(21.5)	(20.5)	(0.D)	5.0%	
Income from minority equity interest	0.2	(0.0)	0.2	N/A	
EBT	79.3	66.9	12.4	18.5%	
Corporate income tax	(23.7) ₆	(19.2)	(4.5)	23.5%	
NET PROFIT BEFORE MINORITIES	55.6	47.7	7.9	16.6%	
Minor ties interests	(1.3)	(0.7)	(0.6)	86.8%	
NET RECURRING PROFIT	54.3	47.0	7.3	15.5%	
Non-Recurring EBITDA	0.5	(1.3)	1.9	139,2%	
Other Non-Recurring Items	(0.3)	26.0	(26.2)	-101.0%	
NET PROFIT INCLUDING NON- RECURRING	54.6	71.6	(17.1)	-23.8%	

- Revenue reached €585.7m (+€69.9m or 13.5% vs. Q3 2022). Compared to Q3 2019, revenue grew by +34.4% or +€150m
- 2. Payroll cost Increased 13.3% and Operating expenses 14.4% implying a 40% GOP conversion rate due to operating cost discipline to contain inflationary pressure. GOP or EBITDAR reached €240m (+13% vs 2022 and +43% vs 2019)
- **3. Reported lease payments and property taxes** grew by €15.1m mainly due to perimeter changes (new entries) and higher variable rents
- 4. Reported EBITDA improved by €12.8m reaching €179.9m surpassing 2019 figure (€144m). Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA reached €113.6m, an increase of €10.8m or +10.5% due to a 15% conversion rate supported by ADR strategy and cost discipline (+€36m or 46% above Q3 2019 and a 1 p.p. higher margin of 19% despite more leased rooms)
- 5. Net Interest Expense: decreased by €5.0m due to savings from lower gross financial debt (ICO Covid Loan and NY Loan fully repaid) and interest income due to cash remuneration
- **6. Taxes:** Corporate Income Tax of -€23.7m, an increase of €4.5m vs. Q3 2022 mainly explained by the better EBT compared to last year
- 7. Net Recurring Profit reached €54.3m, implying an improvement of €7.3m compared to €47.0m in Q3 2022 (€25.8m in Q3 2019)
- 8. Total Net Profit amounted to €54.6m compared to €71.6m in Q3 2022 positively affected by net capital gains of two asset rotation transactions in 2022

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